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Resort all Salks today Soviet team begins

al last week 9 Page 40

ut in the ballegation headed by the deputy cre hinders tions, V.F. Moldvinov, has ar-Rhoder a rived in Amman and is expected acks were a rived in Amman and is expected acks were to begin talks. Thursday with d. Formal senior officials, including Finance lost state to the Basel Jardanes, on respective cheduling Jordan's debt repaycamp in the Reached over the phone by the Reached over the phone by the y during to Jordan Times Wodnesday, Mold-neson tolk vinov declined from making any ed about comments until the delegation ere lost h completes its discussions here. The team will be here until in sat dom. Monday.

short u.S. reaffirms nade the Mideast stand

Washington (USIS) — A State Department spokeswoman Tuesday reiterated U.S. support for the current efforts to further the Middle East peace process. Questioned shour reports that new Czechoslovak Prosident Vacibbed Rd the Arab-kraeli conflict — 2 ned to ke move that has been welcomed by Margaret lay Hayel has offered to mediate le as the the some Palestinians - Margaret ight for the Tutwiler replied, "I don't have a 1.75 miles response other than to my wo om the see have a system that we're working Louise He very, very hard on with the it a heart secretary of state. If the new president of Czechoslovalcia feels charges that that he could be helpful... we have 1 the UL1 encouraged sayone who felt they sing and it could be constructive and helpful chown affit to the process to please do so."
It caught is But, she added, we believe we lil. 46, said have a system right at this mosorry for the ment that we have been carefully was history nurturing and pursuing and workany as les ing towards.

rave milio Namibia independence set for March 21

guilty as par JOHANNESBERGE (R) because the Namibia's constituent assembly end tange voted unanimonaly Wednesday to il. She pize declare independence from South ng governe Africa at midnight March 21, the sling to us South African Press Association As part of news agency reported. The vote osecutor & by the 72-seat assembly, set to HUD offic after independence, was one of lying to ak the territory's final preparations to end seven decades of South African rule.

Aden frees 32 political prisoners

(AP) — 🕍 5 willed at SANAA (R) - South Yemeni the late and President Haider Abn Bakr Al ali are was Attas ordered Wednesday the release of 32 political prisoners, alonia mod along michiging supporters of ousted President Ali Nasser Mohamne Comme mad. Radio Aden, monitored in Sanaa, said the order covered 22 ided a part prisoners detained since Mohammad was toppled in bloody fight-ing in 1986 while the other 10 were arrested in 1989.

Reina Sola! **Bush calls Gorbachev** nor, cost on arms control

boyant par WASHINGTON (R) - U.S. President George Bush tele-phoned Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev Wednesday in preparation for next month's arms control talks, White House spokes-34 are to be woman Marlin Fitzwater said. housing "He did speak with Gorbachev,"
Figure Fitzwater said. "I don't have years come much detail on it, although it did he and special two presidents of a U.S. Cable News Network (CNN) report Tuesday that Gorbachev was considering resigning from his post as head of the Communist Party (see

Iraq draft constitution ready

page 8).

BAGHDAD (R) - President Saddam Hussein said Wednesday the draft of a new Iraqi constitution has been completed and will soon be put to the people in a referendum. Iraq's leaders had decided to extend freedom and expand decision-taking "because the expansion of such responsibility is a source of power for the society and the government," he told a meeting of the constitutional committee of the Arab Cooperation Council.

Militias shatter Algerian truce

SIDON, Lebanon (R) - Fending Shi'ite Muslim milities fought with artillery and rockets in South Lebanon Wednesday, shattering a four-day-old Algerian-mediated

Family of eight killed in collision on highway

private our carrying a Saudi Arabian plate and a Jardinafan truck on the Amana-Agaha bighway, five kilometres anoth of Qutranch. A Civil Defence Department spokeness and the accident occurrad when the car, which was pucked on the side, more into the read. The driver, ide Thursyya Juan's Yousel, lost control of the car and cureened in the opposite direction at the same time when the truck, driven by Han Thiyabet, was overtaking a number of front, according to the spokesmen.

Ramahi, 46, his wife Thurayya, 29, who was driving the car, and their six children — Yousef, Husan, Mohammad, Almad, Surrayya and Hadii aged between four and 12 years. CDD participated in pulling the car from beneath the truck and retrieving the bodies from the wreckage. The bodies were transferred to Al Karak

CBJ expects move on interest rates to increase savings, investments

By Salameh Ne'muit Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Central Bank of Jordan (CBI) said Wednesday its decision to allow commercial banks in the Kingdom to float interest rates on deposits and loans would increase savings and sheequently boost investmen but bankers said they were unsure whether the market would respond in accordance with CRJ expectations and projections. Deputy CBI Governor Michel

Marto said the move was expected to bring about a "positive interest rate" that covers inflation and encourages people to save with interest on time deposits calculated independently by

banks.

"It is all a matter of supply and demand," Marto told the Jonden Times. Machinishly sporking, it is very good in terms of boosting savings and subsequently investments," he said. He argued that "when you

have more saving, you have more investment with a very small time lag. This is accepted everywhere," rate would serve as an incentive for people to save in Jordanian dinar rather than in dollars or other currencies if the returns were higher, and achieve a better

balance between aggregate de-

mand and aggregate supply in the

He ruled out a negative impact of higher borrowing rates because "one or two per cent higher interest on loans will not discourage investors. It is all a question of availability of funds. When people have more funds they est more.

Marto confirmed reports that the Central Bank's decision came in line with conditions set by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) but said: "We are fully convinced by this move, which we think is good for the economy." Dr. Khalil Salem, chairman of

the Arab Finance Corporation

(Jordan), and a prominent economist, disagreed. "The impact is noting," be declared. "I don't think anybody will be affected (by the floatation) in the immediate fature because there will be no change

in the present situation." Salem, a member of the Upper House of Parliament (Senate,) ex-plained that as banks start calculating slightly higher interest on will remain the same and it will be and slightly worse for bor-

Salem told the Jordan Times that the Central Bank was "mainly complying with IMF conditions." He said he had advised the Central Bank against the

move because "the core of the problem is the bank rate." He explained that in order for banks to buy money from the Central Bank, the CBI must set bank rate or a re-discount rate with a twoper-cent margin for deposits and two per cent for loans.

He said that without announcing a bank rate, the Arab Bank, Jordan's largest, "will set the pace either higher if it needs liquidity or lower if not, depending on its needs, and other banks will have to follow."

He warned that "because we do not have many large banks, the small banks will not be able to compete."

Salem, Jordan's first Central Bank governor and a former finance minister, said that the CBJ seeds to adopt a system similar to England's Libor inter-bank rate which is a rate agreed between major banks in the country.

The market must not be left to spurs of the moment," he said. He argued that a slightly higher interest rate would not encourage people to invest in the dipar as against the British pound which IS OVER 12) DET CERR HRIBEREKT OF other international currencies such as dollars, deutschemarks or Swiss francs.

"In fact," he added, "higher rates may penalise borrowers and result in handicapping investment by the private sector.'

King asks ministers, officials to visit people and seek solutions to problems

Badran urges Moscow to stop Jewish flow to Israel

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — Jordan has called on the Soviet Union to stop the emigration of Soviet Jews who could eventually end up in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, Prime Minister Mudar Badran said Wednesday.

The issue of Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel will also be discussed at an Arab summit called by Sandi Arabia, and Jordan was looking forward for Arab action on this "important and serious issue," Badran told reporters. Saudi Arabia has called for a summit to discuss the situation in Lebanon, and it is expected that Soviet Jewish emigration will also figure high on the agenda of the pan-Arab conference as and when it is held.

King Hussein, Badran said: "Jordan and the Palestinian people will be the most affected (the mass influx of Soviet Jews to Israel) since the newcomers will be settled in the occupied territories at the expense of the Palestinian people. "I view the situation as a new

Prime Ministry by His Majesty

conspiracy against the Palestinian people and as aimed at the eviction of the Palestinians from their homeland," Badran added. He said he had told the out-

going Soviet ambassador to Jordan. Alexander Zinchuk, who called on him on a courtsey visit, that while the Arab World "appreciates the Soviet Union's services and support for Arab causes, we also have to tell Moscow that Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel is bound to adversely affect the Palestinian people and their national rights,"

Zinchuk showed him a memor-

andum send by Moscow to Israel asking the Jewish state not to settle Soviet Jews in the occupied terri-tories, Badran said. But this does not solve the problem," he "We want the Soviet Union to

stop the emigration until peace has been established in the region and the rights of the Palestinian people's rights are restored," Badran said.

During his visit to the Prime Ministry Wednesday, the King was briefed on the outcome of the two-day meetings of the Joint Jordanian-Syrian Higher Committee which concluded Tuesday,

The King asked ministers and government officials to make visits to the various parts of the Kingdom with a view to gaining firsthand information on prob-lems of people and formulating solutions, the prime minister

'Shamir — a guerilla'

Badran, in remarks published m an Egyptian magazine Wednesday, criticised Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir for refusing to deal with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), saying Shamir was also a guerrilla once.

"Now he says he is a prime minister and a politician. I also say that (PLO Chairman Yasser) Arafat is a politician," Badran told the Egyptian weekly maga-

Palestinians stage strike in support

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - Palestinians staged a general strike throughout the occupied territories Wednesday in solidarity with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) which Israel wants to exclude

from any peace talks. At Rafah refugee camp in southern Gaza Strip unknown assailants stabbed to death Atweh Abdul Aziz Al Masri, 35, a taxi driver suspected as an informant for Israel, sources said

Wednesday. Stores were shuttered and streets deserted throughout the West Bank and Gaza in a demonstration of support for the PLO by the 1.75 million Palestinians.

The leadership of the 25month-old Palestinian uprising said in its latest leaflet: "Support the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of our people and stress the right of the PLO to choose and announce the.

Palestinian delegation." Israel wants to exclude the PLO from all Arab-Israeli peace

The leading Muslim body in the occupied territories assailed Israel Wednesday for settling Soviet Jewish immigrants.

"We suffered from these foreigners in the past," the Higher Islamie Council in Jerusalem said in a statement read in the cour-

tyard of Al Aosa Mosque. The land by the law of God and man cannot be seized from its owners to build houses for people who came from Russia and Europe," it said.

Israel expects that 50,000 to 100,000 Soviet Jews will arrive this year and up to 750,000 over the next five to six years.

The influx, prompted by Soviet emigration reforms and U.S. immigration limits, will change the population balance in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip where 70,000 Jews now live among 1.75 million Palestinians. Israli Finance Minister Shimon Peres said Tuesday that in view of the flow of Soveit Jews to Israel

he thought Washington should

lift a 16-year-old ban denying

most-favoured-nation trade sta-

tos to the Soviet Union. "I think we are seeing an entirely new Soviet Union and I think the change is irreversible, Peres, the Labour Party leader, said when questioned by reporters about the U.S. ban.

"As far we're concerned one should recognise that (Soviet leader Mikhail) Gorbachev did change the Soviet Union policy and in reference to the Jewish people in particular."

A foreign ministrry spokesman, asked about Peres's remarks, said Israel would not get involved officially in what was an internal U.S. matter.

Aoun-Geagea war engulfs E. Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) - Savage fighting between Christians engulfed east Beirut Wednesday, devastating the city in tank and artillery battles that ignited huge

The civil war, which erupted in mid-morning, intensified as night fell and both sides brought in reinforcements in a pitiless power struggie between General Michel Aoun and Samir Geagea's Lebanese Forces (LF) militia. Flames lit the night sky and a

huge grey cloud hung over the Christian enclave as the heavilyarmed 25,000 combatants fought from street-to-street in Lebanon's worst ever inter-Christian strife. Aoun told supporters at his head-

The enclave is home to about half a million people. Scores of fires raged out of

control, one of them threatening Lebanon's main fuel storage depot at DoraL "The whole area is on fire,"

said a photographer. With a power blackout throughout the enclave, a red glow silhouetted battle positions set up on rooftops by the 10,000strong LF, which defied Aoun's

order to disarm and disband. Both Aoun and Geagea vowed to continue the battle till victory. "We are sorry for what is happening but there is no way back,"

quarters in the suburb of Baabda Aom said the LF's weapon were not intended to defend the nation but to "show off in the streets, levy taxes, threaten people and attack them."

Geagea said in an interview with Voice of Lebanon radio that his forces were in full control of back Aoun's troops

"We are in a state of selfdefence... we will confront every aggression with a greater aggression... we hope that this would be a final lesson to anyone who wants to attack the resistance." Geagea said.

PLO suggests transit camps for Soviet emigrants in Europe

Yasser Arafat had talks with Soviet envoy Gennady Tarasov in Tunis Wednesday and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said it wanted Moscow to reintroduce transit camps in Europe for Jewish emigrants.

Tarasov, who is Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze's assistant for Middle East affairs. arrived in Tunis amid Arab and Palestinian alarm at the prospect of a massive exodus of Soviet Jews to Israel.

Israel expects 50,000 to 100,000 Soviet Iews to arrive this year and up to 750,000 over the next five to

six years, and it is expected that many will end up in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

PLO Executive Committee member Suleiman Najab told a news conference the PLO wanted the Soviet to limit the numbers going to Israel by sending them first to Europe and by withholding agreement on direct flights from Moscow to Israel.

The PLO also wants Moscow to seek firm Israeli guarantees that Jewish emigrants will not settle in the occupied territories, he said.

Najab said the PLO would put the demands to Tarasov but there

was no immediate confirmation that Arafat did so. The PLO leadership, which includes the 15-man Executive

Committee and the leaders of the

constitutent groups, met on the

problem of Soviet Jewish emigra-

tion Tuesday night and were meet again later Wednesday. Many say Washington has compounded the Soviet emigration

problem by restricting its intake to 50,000 a year. The main transit camps in the past have been in Austria and most of the Jews who passed through chose to go to the United

Israel says it is limiting expulsion of 'illegals'

TEL AVIV (Agencies) --- Israel, facing pressure at home and abroad, has temporarily stopped expelling Arabs it claims are living in the occupied territories illegally, Defence Minister Yit-zhak Rabin said Wednesday. Military authorities had expelled hundreds of Palestinians re-

garded by Israel as visitors. Many were women who stayed after marrying residents. "We can't allow everyone who

comes to visit to stay without permission." Rabin told reporters. But he added: "We will deal with it more gently and more tactfully.

"The policy hasn't been changed, only frozen for the time

Reports have indicated a tougher policy on the expulsion of Palestinians viewed by Israel as staying illegally, and the U.S. State Department urged Israel to be more sensitive and flexible.

State Department spokes attempt to expel Palestinians woman Margaret Tutwiler said Tuesday President George Bush's government had repeatedly discussed its concerns on this issue with the Israeli government, particularly with regard to divided

"As we currently understand their policies, the Israelis impose difficult tests of residence. We hope that the government

of Israel would apply residence requirements with sensitivity and

flexibility," she added.

Tutwiler did not define the residency requirements but critics accuse Israel of a system of bureaucratic procedures by which a person's right to reside in the

territories is either withheld or withdrawn. The expulsions frequently leave families divided, with men remaining in the West Bank while

their wives are exiled to Jordan.

Palestinian families to stay together. Zucker, a human rights activist, said he wrote Rabin several

from the occupied territories.

Israeli human rights activists had also assailed the expulsions.

hament Dedi Zucker, who initi-

ated a campaign to stop the expul-sion of Palestinians, welcomed

Rabiu's decision as "a big

But he said expulsions must

stop altogether and Israel must

draw up criteria for allowing

Leftist Israeli member of par-

weeks ago that it was hypocrisy for Israel to demand the migration of Jews from the Soviet Union and Ethiopia to be united with their families while separating Palestinians. He told parliament of 58

Palestinians he said faced expulsion and demanded that Rabin . This is seen as a systematic answer each case individually.

Floating of interest rates on dinar — a positive step

By Dr. Fabed Fanck

BY VIRTUE of the recent amendment to the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Law, the bank has decided to float interest rates on the Jordanian dinar as of Saturday, Feb. 3, 1990. This means that the CBJ will not impose ceilings or floors for interest rates on deposits and credit facilities any more. The determination of interest rates will be left to the commercial banks subject to

market forces. This step will not mean the depositor will have to bargain with the bank manager for the best interest rate. Each bank will announce its rates as applicable to each and every one of them. The difference in the interest rate between one deposit and another will be determined by two factors: The size of the deposit and the duration of the deposit. It is only natural therefore to expect higher rates for bigger deposits and longer

As far as credit facilities are concerned, the banks will announce their base rate which will be applicable to their prime customers such as the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company. Extra percentage points will be added to reflect the risk evaluation of each borrower, and the variation could be as high as three percentage points. Under the floating system, there is nothing to prevent variation of interest rates from one bank to another; the bank that is tight for liquidity may

offer higher interest rates to

depositors, and conversely, the

bank that carries excessive li-

quidity may offer lower rates. But this is not a crutial factor.

A large bank with excessive liquidity may still offer the same high rate of interest in order to protect its share in the market and prevent the loss of some of its customers in favour of competitors.

In this respect, it is more likely that some banks will stand out as leaders. If, for example, the Arab Bank or the Housing Bank raised or lowered their own scale of interest rates, other banks might follow suit the next day or the day after.

Under floating, interest rates may rise or fall according to changing circumstances in the country and abroad. Interest rates on the Jordanian dinar will interact with the international markets. It is most likely

NEWS ANALYSIS

that interest rates will tend to rise gradually to match the expected rate of inflation which is around 13 per cent. The interest rate on the dinar under the current circumstances will range between 13 and 15 per

Changing the rate of interest is effective in attracting depositors from one bank to another. But it is less effective on aggregate savings. People do not save more or less because interest rates on their savings become higher or lower. Other factors are more effective in

determining domestic savings.
Industrial projects may be affected by higher interest rates but the impact is not crucial. The share of interest in the cost of the final products is on average no more than five per cent. The rise of interest rates by two percentage points will raise the cost of industrial products by one-tenth of one per cent." The floating of interest rates

resources towards the best uses with higher return. In addition, it will help in combating capital flight although other factors are more important.

Higher interest rates also are an instrument in checking inflation and reducing consumption, especially of durable goods that are normally acquired by instal-We should not give too much thought to whether the liber-

alisation of interest rates is in line with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) programme or not. The important thing is that the step is useful for our national economy to secure flexibility and the ability to respond to changing cir-

Over the past years, and well before Jordan's recent economic crisis and the adoption of the economic correction programme we have repeatedly called for a floating system like that which was decided upon by the CBJ on Tuesday. It is positive step therefore that the Central Bank was finally convinced that the floating is good for the national economy.

No surprises should be expected when the floating system becomes operative as of Saturday. The CBJ used to fix in terest rates and leave commission to be determined by the banks. The latter used to be calculated and collected with the interest. From now on, however, the CBJ will fix the commission rate and leave interest to be determined by the banks. In both cases the total interest and commission has been and will continue to be flexible or floating. Commissions used to vary between one and three per cent; interest rate may vary in the future in a wider range.

Army keeps civilians in besieged Sudanese town

Wednesday there were plans to

No overland convoys of relief

Relief flights of maize and

beans from Uganda and Kenya

were banned for three months

until last Wednesday by the

Khartoum government, a restric-

tion which has allowed only fi-

mited supplies to be flown in

The SPLA has been fighting a bush war since 1983 against what

it sees as the domination of mainly

Christian and animist southern

Sudan by the staunchly Muslim

gains on the west bank of the Nile

on which Juba is situated, since

the beginning of January. They

already control a vast area of

southeastern Sudan on the east

the SPLA have held two rounds

of fruitless talks since August.

well-fed and heavily armed garri-

son preventing starving civilians

from leaving the besieged city. The rebels, in their fiercest

offensive in nearly seven years,

have captured 11 communities

south and west of the city, virtual-

the white Nile, is ringed with

anti-personnel mines laid by gov-

ernment troops and encircling re-

bels, an Italian doctor said

"Everyone is digging tren-ches," the doctor said.

Juba residents have become

panicky in the wake of a rebel

artillery attack Sunday that killed

around 20 people, according to

Under the Patronage of Her Majesty

Queen Noor Al Hussein

and on the

Occasion of the 12th Meeting of the Executive Board of the Arab

Academy of Music and the 1st Arab Music Rostrum.

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Jordanian Musicians)

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PATRICK LAMA

MUNIR BASHIR

The town, on the west banks of

ly cutting off access by road.

The Sudanese government and

Foreigners fleeing Juba tell of a

The rebels have made steady

food have reached the city since

send relief aid to Jnba.

September 1988.

from Khartoum.

and Arabised north.

KHARTOUM (R) — For a lucky few in the besieged, refugee-jammed Sudanese city of Juba, \$350 can buy space on a packed cargo plane to Khartoum. For the others there is no escape.

Refngees told Reuters - Wednesday the army was pre-venting thousands of frightened civilians from fleeing to rebel-held territory outside the town to escape shellfire, food shortages and the threat of rebel attack.

The Sudan Peoples Liberation
Army (SPLA), which surrounds Juba, has urged civilians to leave before it launches a full-scale attack on the army garrison.
The city holds 300,000 people,

two-thirds refugees from other areas. Few can afford to leave through Juba airport, the only permitted outlet, civilians who have taken the 1,200 kilometre flight north to Khartoum told

One who arrived Tuesday said . he paid 1,600 Sudanese pounds (\$355) to fly aboard a cargo plane packed with 500 people, mainly women and children.

Local officials have appealed to Juba's people to remain calm. while government officials in Khartoum dismissed the SPLA threat to the city as propaganda. Foreign relief officials said authorities in Juba were preventing

civilians leaving in the hope that their presence would deter the SPLA from launching an all-out

Refugees reported short food supplies in the city. The United Nations sent two

planes to Juba Monday to evacuate relief workers and their dependents taking advantage of a 12-hour ceasefire offered by SPLA.

Casualties from rebel shelling of Juba are estimated at 20 to 25 by refugees and relief workers, 10 by the government. Refugees say 60 shells and rockets hit the town in the past 10 days, most hitting civilian areas.

Brigadier Dominie Kassiano, a member of Sudan's ruling milit-

the following concerts:

Concert

Date

3/2/1990

Sunday

4/2/1990

Monday

5/2/1990

Tuesday

6/2/1990

Wednesday

7/2/1990

8/2/1990

:

"The people are terrified by the bombardment," he said. The doctor described a population living in fear of mob violence if food stocks run out. Residents also believe street fighting between rebels and government troops is inevitable, he said. ary junta, told the Khartoum newspaper Ingaz Al Watani on

Juba is the largest town in southern Sudan, with the country's largest garrison of between 30,000 and 35,000. The government forces consist of armed civilians, police, and the army.

Inba residents' fear is increa by radio broadcasts by the SPLA which "everyone interprets ... to mean there are rebels in the town ready to fight any time," the

Like all foreigners fleeing Juba, the Italian doctor spoke on condition of anonymity, primarily to protect colleagues still in the

Foreigners began trickling from Juba a week ago when the rebels closed in on the town. But the exodus is uncoordinated and it is impossible to verify the number still remaining.

Estimates of the number of relief workers, missionaries and other foreigners once based in the provincial capital range from 80

An Irish doctor said the latest food distribution last week amounted to an average of 100 grams of beaus and corn for each person daily for two weeks, which she described "starvation ration." A month ago, she said, the residents received 800 grams of

each maize and beans per day. For the fortunate few with money, and for members of the security forces, however, there is

"I could buy almost anything at the market, except sugar. For that you had to go to the army, indirectly of course," said the

Planeloads of food, including vegetables and frozen chicken, are routinely flown from Khartourn. The food is mainly for the army, but can also be bought for

> of the Red Cross is negotiating with the government and the rebels for the creation of a neutral zone to which civilians from Juba can be evacuated and provided with relief food and medical services, raid Domingue Buff, whose Nairobi office if responsi-



high prices.

There is some government-subsidised food, mainly ndura, whose flour is mixed with wheat to make bread. But most residents have no money, and starvation is described as rampant.

The Irish doctor said she worked in a programme feeding 17,000 children under the age of five and .000 adults suffering from severmainutrition.

When she left Sunday, there was enough powdered milk and high-protein biscuits to last another month. But she was pessimistic about prospects for additional supplies getting through.
"Just before December we

ordered twelve tons of milk and another twelve tons of biscuits, she said. "They are still in Khartoum because of lack of trans-

Foreigners and wealthy Sudanese began seriously considering fleeing when rebels shelled not only Jnba, but also the nearest garrison in Yei, 120 kilometres southwest.

Boh Koepp, who is in charge of the Lutheran World Federation activities in southern Sudan, said the flew 22 foreigners to Nairobi

On Monday, another 14 flew to Nairobi on the Lutherans' Boeing 707 leased from Sudan Airways to ferry 30 tons of food daily to Juba — the only donor food reaching the city.

Another Italian doctor said Juba residents are being prevented from leaving or returning to their villages to avoid the

The International Committee ble for Red Cross activities in rebel control-areas.

Heykal predicts Arab-Israeli war

CAIRO (R) — Prominent Egyptian journalist Mohammad Heykal said Tuesday he was certain there would be another Arab-

"A war between the Arabs and Israel is coming — no doubt about that," he told delegates at the Cairo Book Fair Tuesday

Heykal avoids the limelight in Egypt these days but in the era of the late President Gamai Abdul Nasser his weekly columns were the most influential voice in Arab

Egypt, the only Arab state to have made peace with Israel, has been trying to bring Palestinians and Israelis together for their first-ever dialogue - so far with-

out any succes 'I am surprised we are talking about peace formulas while unaware of the price Israel is asking for that peace," he said.

That price, he said, would include expulsion of Arabs as well as massive Arab economic aid. "I am ready to say that Israel will demand (as part of the price for peace) water from the Nile and may also demand oil from Saudi Arabia and Algeria."

He said the outcome of a settlement with Israel would be major changes in Israel's borders and a confederation between Palesti"This would be an incomplete

peace," he said. Heykal fell out with Nasser's successor. Anwar Sadat, over his agreement to disengage forces in Sinai after 1973's October War a prelude to Egypt's 1979 peace

treaty with Israel. Heykal also criticised Arab governments for their lacklustre support of the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories, calling the rebellion a lost

opportunity.

All are trying to besiege the intifada, maybe because they (Arab rulers) are scared of similar intifadas against their own



regimes," he said, adding that the Arabs had offered only 20 million dollars to help the revolt.

Kuwait seeks formula to broaden democracy

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's emir is holding talks on ways to broaden democracy in the country after stormy, unprecedented rallies demanding a return of the dissolved parliament.

Officials said Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah and his crown prince have been holding talks with leading citizens to seek a formula for popular participation

in government. The rallies were attended by thousands of people and the last one, declared illegal by the government, was broken up by police using stun grenades and tear gas.

Organisers suspended the meetings last week after the emir offered to discuss the pro-democracy demands and, in a television address on Jan. 20, called for dialogue in efforts to restore democracy.

The officials said the two leaders have been holding daily meetings over the past week with former deputies and tribal leaders. But they have yet to talk to any of the 32 pro-parliament deputies involved in the rallies.

Western diplomats say the emir's talks are apparently to build up a firm consensus with pro-government and traditional supporters before addressing the country on National Day, Feb.

Ministers have ruled out a revival of the 50-member assembly although there has been evidence that press censorship has recently been eased.

Kuwait's lively parliament was dissolved in 1986 as the war between nearby Iran and Iraq spilled over into the wealthy northem Gulf state.

Many Kuwaitis oppose restoring the assembly, saying its public debates sowed divisions among the country's different tribes, ethnic groups and religious factions and that deputies abused their positions for personal gain.

An estimated 6,000 people attended the last pro-parliament rally — a huge turnout in a small country where the number of eligible voters at the last election in 1985 was less than 60,000.

Government officials say, however, that many of those attending were onlookers or ineligible to vote.

Western diplomats have said they did not see a threat to the country's security from the prodemocracy movement. And Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, who is also the country's prime minister, has warned that the government would not tolerate any threats to

Shamir's statement on reunification angers Kohl

Minister Yitzhak Shamir has infuriated Chancellor Helmut Kohl and triggered an exchange of letters by insisting that a reunified Germany will endanger Jews, a Munich newspaper reported

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Wednesday.

The Sueddeutsche Zeiting said
Shamir had ignored Kohl's protests and refused to take back his repeated declarations that a united Germany would be a "deadly danger to Jews." Shamir said in his letter that as

If the millions of Jewish victims had survived the holocaust, "our people would be in a different situation," he told Kohl.

prime minister, he reserved the

right to "express our doubts and

The newspaper said Shamir's words angered Kohl, who regarded them as a burden on Israeli-West German ties.

In his reply, Kohl, wrote that the memory of the Nazi genocide was part of the German identity. But he had to protest against the comparison between present-day West Germany and the Germany of Nazi times, the paper said.

Another, democratic Germany existed today, Kohl said. And like other peoples, self-deter-mination could not be withheld from the Germans.

The newspaper said Shamir re-sponded that, although the demolition of the Berlin Wall and the spread of democracy was welcome, nobody could say for cer-tain "what the end result of the present wave of enthusiasm and emotion will be, least of all the Jewish people."

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Bahrain, Bhutan to establish ties

BAHRAIN (R) - Bahrain and Bhutan have decided to establish diplomatic relations to boost cooperation between the two countries, the official Gulf News Agency said Wednesday. The agency quoted Bhutan's King Jigme Singye Wangchuck as saying at the end of a two-day visit that the two countries had "decided to lay the foundation of an enduring friendship." King Jigme, who left for New Delhi, had talks with Bahrain's Emir, Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al Khalifa, and other top officials on regional and

Iran to mark revolution anniversary

NICOSIA (R) - Iranians celebrate the 11th anniversary of their February revolution as their Islamic leaders proclaim economic development the nation's overriding goal in a decade of reconstruction. The '10-day dawn' celebrations begin Thursday with a mass gathering at the shrine of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini; who flew back to Iran on Feb. 1, 1979 after 15 years in exile to lead the final assault on the late shah's pro-Western monarchy. Khomeini's successor, Ayatoliah Ali Khamenei, Monday described the Islamic Revolution as a "divine miracle" and urged people to take part in the celebrations. The government has declared Thursday a holiday to ensure a large crowd at the anniversary gathering, the first to be held since Khomeim's death on June 3 following cancer surgery. President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani will be the main speaker at the shrine near the Behesht-E Zahra Cemetery in the southern outskirts of Tehran.

Turkish coal mine blast kills 4

ANKARA (R) — Four Turkish miners were killed Wednesday in an underground hlast at a coal mine near the Black Sea town of Amasra, coal officials said. Four other miners were injured by the blast which triggered a cave-in about 30 metres below the surface. The mine is in the Zonguldak region, which produces about four million tonnes of bitumenous coal annually. Officials said the minred men were in hospital and the bodies of the dead had been recovered. Eight miners in the same region were killed in two similar incidents in December 1988.

Palestinian Communists dilute Marxist element

TUNIS (R) — The Palestinian of party policy, not necessarily on Communist Party (PCP) said Wednesday it had watered down its Marxist stance, relaxed conditions for membership and abandoned discipline for ideological

deviation. Secretary-General Snleiman Najab told a news conference the changes were a response to both internal factors and changes in the Soviet Union and Eastern

Europe
Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials outside the party said a major incentive for reform was the intifada in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, which has encouraged popular parti-

cipation in politics. The new programme, approved by the party's central council and under discussion at lower levels, describes the party as open to all Palestinians, not just members of the working classes, Najab said.

The new-look party will draw inspiration from "the national traditions and the heritage of struggle of the Palestinian peoas well as the classic theories of Marxism, he added.

Minority groups within the par-ty will be able to express themselves without fear of disciplinary measures and members need agree only with the broad thrust

all details of the manifesto, he.

The PCP is one of the groups which make up the PLO and it has a wide following in the occupied territories.

The new programme, distri-buted by Najab, distinguishes between socialist theory and its misguided application in many coun-

The experience of socialist countries has revealed major failures, in spite of what it has achieved for their peoples in many areas... (but) the suppression of political democracy and economic stagnation are not inherent features of socialism, on the contrary they contradict its real nature," it says.

The reformed party would willingly merge into a wider Palestinian leftist party and would judge Arab governments on their attitude to the Palestinian cause, not on their ideological stance, Najab

Under new party rules, one third of the members of the politburo will have to vacate their scats every five years and the secretary general may not serve more than 10 years. The party's old programme was last amended in 1983.

FOR FRIDAY

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deputies on budget

AMMAN (Petra) — Two Euroing the door to European markets
pean Community (EC) experts in for agricultural produce from the planning national budgets Wednesday briefed Lower House of Parliament members on budget strategies adopted in. European countries.

At the meeting which was attended by the chairman of the House's financial committee, Dr. Abdullah Engogr, and First Deputy House Speaker Jamai Saraireh, discussions covered procedures in organising budgets and controlling spending within the EC member states.

Ensour and the committee ourlier enlisted the assistance of several Jordanian economists while the committee was debating the 1990 budget for Jordan.

Saraireh voiced Jordan's appreciation to the EC for open-

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compied West Bank and the Gaza Strip and for the EC's humanitarian assistance to various Palestinian organisations in the occupied imds.

Various aspects of Euro-Arab cooperation were also discussed. to a separate meeting between Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi and Canadian Ambassador to Jordan Michael Bell, the question of emigration of Soviet Jews to the occupied lands was reviewed. Lawzi voiced Jordan's concern over the emigration of Jews, which, he said, has serious consequences on prospects for peace in the region. Lawzi also briefed

life in the Kingdom.

sador on parliamentary

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

SOVIET TEAM LEAVES: Salam Khajiev, director of the Grouny oil research institute in the Soviet semi-autonomous Republic of Chechen-Ingush, left Amman Wednesday for home following a week-long visit. He discussed with officials at the Royal Scientific Society, the Natural Resources Authority, the University of Jordan and the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company cooperation in oil and energy affairs (Petra).

ZARQA TELEPHONES: New telephone lines will be given to those who applied for them in Zarqa Governorate, but the subscribers will have to get their telephone sets by themselves since they are not available at the Telecommunications Corporation, Zarqa Telecommunications Department Director Wadi' Tn'ma said Wednesday (Petra).

JWA MEETING: The Jordan Writers Association's (JWA) general assembly will meet Friday to endorse the JWA's membership in the Pan-Arab Federation of Writers and to define the conditions for membership in the association. JWA Deputy President Salem Nahas said the number of the association's members was less than its counterparts in other countries and that the membership in the association face several problems. The JWA is trying to solve these problems as it adjusts its internal systems, he said (Petra).

TAHER INVITED TO EGYPT: Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Thabet Al Taher has received an invitation from his Egyptian counterpart, Maher Ahatha, to visit Egypt to exchange views on cooperation between the two countries in power and electricity. The invitation was presented to Taher by Egyptian Ambassador to Jordan Muhab Mnqbei (Petra).

OMAN-JORDAN EDUCATION LINKS: Cooperation in higher education between Oman and Jordan was discussed at a meeting Wednesday by University of Jordan President Mahmoud Al Samra and Oman's ambassador to Jordan. Conditions of Omani students in Jordanian universities were reviewed at the

Parliamentary groupings, he said, did not reflect eather ex-

isting or likely future political

groupings and were thus not

According to members of

three of the four existing blocs

in the Lower House, par-liamentary groups are far from

Discussions and meetings

are taking place outside Parliament about the formation of

new political parties and, according to Shiab, they will

ultimately be reflected in groupings within Parliament.

"At this point we need less ideological discourse and more

of a practical functional prog-

ideology. So really the ques-tion is how and not what,"

Convincing people that Arab nationalism is a basic element of Arab political

thought is no longer necessary because, according to Shiab, "it is so obvious." It is neces-

sary, however, to apply the basic tenets of pan-Arab

nationalist, Islamist and leftist

thought in a coherent and

On the surface, the three

lines of thought could be inter-

preted to contradict each

other. However, they could also be interpreted to be com-

realistic manner."

Shiab said.

rammes which derive from

very "functional."

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter . .

AMMAN — If the real issues

that Jordan and its people face

today are to be addressed in a

workable and coherent man-

ner, a new political, social and

economic formula must come

into existence, Deputy Husni

Shiab told a group of 150 peo-

ple attending a lecture about

the democratic experiment in

The Irbid deputy, who be-longs to the 11-member Demo-

cratic Bloc in the Lower House

of Parliament, called on pan-

Arab nationalists and leftists to

perform an "historic mission in

which their ideologies would

assimilate Jordan's cultural

heritage and give it the positive role in addressing the country's

Shiab said that in the past the

leadership of political parties had failed to create a "func-

tional mechanism" to practi-

cally carry out their political ideologies. "The inability of existing political parties to

address the issues in a coherent

and constructive manner has

necessitated the formation of

new, more functional political,

economical and social formu-

las," Shiab told the Jordan Times in an interview after the

Jordan recently.

ECexperts brief Arar urges united ACC efforts

House Speaker Sulciman Arar Wednesday urged parliamenta-rians of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries to join efforts in a manner that would serve the cause of Arab unity.

The way is now open for the parliaments of Egypt, Jordan, Iraq and North Yemen to work together to achieve the goals of the ACC, which was created in

session of an ACC parliamentary in the occupied Arab lands and committee meeting here.

"We are determined to fulfil the goals and objectives of the ACC group and we are sure that the committee will help create a volved in bringing in more Jewish nucleus for a unified ACC partia-settlers from Eastern Europe." ment," Arar added.

"In view of the international situation and the continued Israeli occupation of Arab land, the Arabs have no alternative but

BAGHDAD (Petra) — Lower said in an address to the opening said. He referred to the situation said that men, women and children were being "killed or in-humanly treated by the Israeli authorities, who are now in-

He said the emigration of Soviet Jews to Israel constitutes another international conspiracy against the Arab Nation, and warrants readiness and unity in February last year as a step to unite into one force capable of warrants readiness and unity in leading to pan-Arab unity, Arar confronting challenges," Arar the face of the common danger.

Islamic Congress warns of danger of Jewish emigration

AMMAN (Petra) - The ex- rate, Israel will be paving the way pected emigration of Soviet Jews to occupied Palestine directly or indirectly constitutes a flagrant aggression on the Palestinian people and their rights and has very serious implications militarily, socially, economically and demographically for the Middle East, according to a statement issued here Wednesday by the

Islamic Congress on Jerusalem. "The emigration of a large number of Jews from the Soviet Union and other East European countries to the occupied lands is a result of improved relations between Washington and Moscow and therefore it is incumbent on the two superpowers to reconsider their policies which have been exploited by world Zionism at the expense of the Arab Nation and peace and security in the

region," the statement said.
The congress warned that if Soviet emigration to occupied Palestine continues at the present

for setting up "greater Israel" as proposed by its leaders.

The statement was issued at the end of the congress's general assembly meeting attended by prominent scholars and intellectuals to review the dangers inherent in the emigration of Jews to occupied Palestine. The statement said the congress reviewed the Jewish Agency's programmes to bring about the emigration of Jews from Eastern Europe, taking advantage of the present East-West detente and by linking this emigration to the issue of human

The statement urged the Soviet Union to remain committed to its policy of supporting the Palestinian people's rights in their homeland and said that the emigration of Jews "is bound to adversely affect the Palestinians and consolidate Israel's usurpation of Arab territory." This emigration, the statement added,

expand and to build more settleents in Arab land and help the Jewish state to establish 'greater Israel'

The congress appealed to the U.N. Secretary-General to help stop "such aggressive moves" and urged the secretary generals of the Organisation of Islamie Countries (OIC) and the Arab League to call for urgent meetings to discuss the situation. The congress also decided to form a delegation to go to Moscow to convey the Arab and Islamic views on the issue.

According to the statement. the congress reviewed a report presented by the congress' Amman office, which said that actual emigration of Soviet Jews to Israel had never stopped because of the efforts of the Jewish Agency. The statement said 2,069 Soviet Jews went to Israel in 1987, 2,173 in 1988 and 11,170 in

Transport company opens talks

AMMAN (J.T.) — The general assembly of the joint Jordanian-Syrian Land Transport Company (JSLTC) opened a meeting here Wednesday under the chair-manship of Minister of Transport Ibrahim Ayyoub and his Syrian counterpart Yousef Ahmad to discuss an operational plan for 1990 and to endorse the company's

million tonnes of goods between Jorda and Syria and the rest of the world since 1986. ends Thursday, is expected to

This week's meeting, which promoting land transport between Jordan and Syria acquired

a good deal of attention at the

The Syrian minister said that transport between the two neighbouring countries had become an essential element for development contributing towards full

Ministry closes polluted wells in Zarqa Basin

try of Water and Irrigation has ordered the closure of artesian water wells in the Zarga River Basin due to the high level of chemical pollutants found in the water as a result of industrial plants dumping their waste in the

The decision was taken following a wide-scale survey conducted on the river water and water from the various factories and plants along its banks which "not only pollute the river wates but also the subterranean and other surface water in the region," according to a ministry statement issued Wednesday.

The statement said samples of Zarga River water taken at different dates were tested at the ministry's laboratories and were found to contain cadmium, chrome and nickel among other minerals, making the water unsafe not only for drinking purposes but also for irrigation and fish breeding.

The water flows to the King

Work permits

AQABA (Petra) — The government will adopt all possible mea-

sures designed to end poverty and

unemployment in the country and

does not issue work permits for

non-Jordanians except for work

in agriculture, Minister of Social

Development Abdnl Majid

Shriedeh announced Wednesday.

The minister said that the

Ministry of Social Development

aims to provide decent income

for all families and financial

assistance for low-income groups.

The minister toured charitable

and voluntary societies in Agaba

and inspected their services. He

said the social development de-

partment in Agaba would con-

duct a survey to find out more

about the needy groups.

only for

sector

agriculture

AMMAN (Petra) - The Minis- Talal Dam reservoir, which nor- river basin are now under conmally provides water for irriga- stant surveillance to see if they tion in the dry season. The water are adhering to the specifications has been used to produce nearly and standards set by the con-400 tonnes of fish annually.

> to stop since the fish will not be fit measures being taken with regard to the factories along the river stop the aggravation of the situation," the statement added.

The ministry's secretary-general, Mutazz Al Bilbeisi, said tests had proved that the underground water contained a high-level of phosphorous, ammonia and nitrogen and other oxygen-consumunfit for consumption.

Bilbeisi said that the ministry had adopted several measures, like periodic monitoring of water coming out from factories and testing underground water sam-

cerned Jordanian authorities, Bil-

"Fish breeding will now have beisi added. The ministry has found that for human consumption," the several factories are constantly

statement said. "The closure of violating these regulations and several water springs and other some of their wastewater treatment plants are not functioning. Bilbeisi named 14 factories and bank are deemed necessary to industrial plants, which, he said, produced most of the pollutants that flowed down the river.

Last February two Swedish experts in environment protection visited Jordan and reported that the Zarqa region was heavily polluted as a result of pollutants from industries and municipal wastewater treatment plants ing materials, making the water along the Zarqa River. After spending two weeks here, the two experts said that the Zarga water was one of the worst they had seen in the world. Pollution in Zarqa region, they said, can have negative effects on human health.

ples. At least 30 factories in the including lung diseases. Kingdom predicted to have

4 million people by 2000 **Symposium reviews**

population plan

IRBID (J.T.) — A three-day symposium entitled "Cominunication, Population and Development" will begin at Yarmouk University March 4 under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to address the population situation in Jordan.

The symposium, which orgafor Population Activities (UN-Kingdom and ways of dealing with population issues, according to a Yarmouk University statement released Wednesday,

The Department of Statistics is currently preparing the ground for holding a general census duing 1990. According to the department's director, Abdul Hadi Alawin, the census is expected to cost JD 1 million.

In a statement published by Al Ra'i Arabie daily Wednesday, Alawin said that Jordan's population is expected to reach the four nised by the United Nations Fund million mark by the end of this century. The present population FPA) and the United Nations is estimated at 3.1 million. Am-Educational, Scientific and man alone has a population of Cultural Organisation (UN- 935,000 which is expected to rise ESCO), will review working pap- to 1.4 million by the year 2000, ers on population strategy in the Alawin said. He said that 70 per cent of the population now lives in urban regions and that the population density is 35 persons for every square kilometre.

Marriott gets involved in greening Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) - Following His Agriculture. Majesty King Hussein's public appeal toward a greener Jordan panies and institutions in Jordan by the year 2000, Amman Mar- will follow the Marriott's example ement has nott Hotel's manac announced its intention to be a ity seriously' said Frank Keenan, part of this national responsi-bility.

The hotel staff have designated

"It is our hope that other comand take this national responsibi

Keenan and the Marriott Feb. 1, 1990, as their tree plant- associates look forward with ing day when they will be planting pride to their tree planting day several kinds of trees in a location and hope they can make an to be assigned by the Ministry of annual event of it.

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final accounts for 1989. The assembly last met in Am-

plementary in an attempt to

create a workable populist, so-

cial, economic and political formula which, through the "right mechanism" carried out

by the "right people," could be the "third way" which has eluded Arab political life for so

cultural factors had not been

taken into consideration by many of the political parties,

whose platforms were based on

nationalism and leftist ideolo-

gies in the last 30 years, this

new formula must take these

"left out" factors into consid-

gies from which the existing

political parties stem have not failed, their executors have

failed to functionally adapt

them to Jordan's political, eco-

nomic, cultural and social real-

Opponents of leftist ideolo-

gies and nationalism have

made generalisations by saying that as political trends "they failed." This assertion, Shiab

contends, "is not true but they

Although one reason that nationalists and leftists were

not able to carry out their

ideologies was that they were

forced to work underground,

due to the banning of political

were not made workable."

"While the ideas and ideolo-

cration," Shiab said.

ity," Shiab said.

long, according to Shiab.

man in September 1989. It was announced then that the company's fleet of trucks carried 1.5

give details about future plans for operations. The question of

parties in Jordan, Shiab con-

tends that that alone is not an

excuse. He points out that

while Islamic movements were

given the opportunity to air

their views and aspirations in

Jordan since the 1950s, the

leftists and nationalists were

not. "But the Islamists have

realistic and workable formula

to address the country's econo-

mic, political and social needs

either, although they did have

exposure which would have

allowed them to do so," Shiab

Besides the long and endur-

ing harassment that the leftists and nationalists were exposed

to, their leaders often shunned

Islamists and Islamic move-

ments in such a manner that

the latter were able to label

them anti-Islamic and thus

make them unacceptable to a

large majority of the popula-

our society have traditionally

adopted certain Western

thoughts which appeared to

contradict certain values in our

society,". Shiab said. "We

should now focus on devising

an ideology which embraces the common denominators in

our society. Having left out the

Islamic trends in the past, secu-

lar movements allowed the tra-

"The secular movements in

Indigenous factors need to formulate workable ideology

joint Jordanian-Syrian Higher Committee meeting held in Amman this week, according to

integration.

acceptable to the average

Lower House blocs

Shiab pointed out that until

more defined groundrules

appear, based on new or ex-

isting political party formulae,

parliamentary blocs were un-

likely to represent any definite

political, economic, or social

"We have to have a common

ground on which to base our

stands on the real issues,"

Shiab said. "In the Democratic

bloc there are three members

of three existing political par-ties as well as deputies who

represent different shades of pan-Arabism. This seemed to be enough of a common

ground at the beginning but

the political and economic

reality demands that formulae

which address practical reali-

ties be uniform. When mem-

bers of the same bloc are not

able, for whatever reasons, to

have a common stand on the

most basic issues then the bloc

loses its purpose. At present those affiliated with political

parties within the different blocs have not been initiators,

ditional Islamists to occupy the but followers, of party lines which exist outside Parliament role of the defenders of the faith. Indeed it allowed Islamic and not within. This has ditraditionalists to label anything luted their effectiveness and the effectiveness of the blocs to or anyone secular as 'aetheiswhich they belong," Shiab tic', a concept which is not

> Shiab added that a parliamentary bloc should have working within Parliament in order to have common ground on basic issues. He aid that the voting pattern of members of the Democratic bloc during the vote of confidence of the present government indicated that such a common stand did not

"It is like a dish which has lots of nutritional ingredients and is not eaten and thus loses its benefits," he said. Ensuring the success of the democratic experiment could only come about through its utilisation and not by "freezing the moment and saying yes to every-thing," he said. "If you say yes to everything in order not to rock the boat then you defeat democracy not safeguard it," he said.

"Democracy," he said, "is an end in itself, but it is also a means to respond to the needs of the country through assertive programmes and mechan-isms which address the "real problems'," Shiab concluded.

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New threshold in inter-Arab ties

THE RESULTS of the just concluded two-day meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Syrian Higher Committee under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Madar Badran and his Syrian counterpart Mahmoud Zoubi are solid evidence that Syrian-Jordanian relations are proceeding in the right direction. The range and scope of the new agreements under the umbrella of the joint committee suggest that cooperation between the two countries are progressing in a new spirit of brotherhood and trust moulded more and more in an institutionalised framework. There is clearly an awareness now in the Arab World that the Arab states can ill afford to continue past policies of animosity. The historic changes that have occurred in the world in recent months, especially in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union, have sounded the alarm in the Arab World that previous inter-Arab policies based on a highly personalised style are no longer workable. That this message has finally soaked in in the Arab bodypolitic was visible in the candid talks that were held by Badran and Zoubi. It has become very clear to both sides that the dangers poised at the footsteps of the Arah Nation can no longer be ignored or bypassed in the same way that they have been in past. Thus Jordan needs Syria as much as Syria needs Jordan in the face of the events and evolutions that are permeating the international scene.

Perhaps the scope of the recent agreements between Jordan and Syria are modest in scale, yet they usher an entirely new era in Syrian-Jordanian relations based on a sophisticated assessment of inter-Arab relations on the one hand and Arab-foreign relations on the other. The biggest test of seriousness of and depth of the mushrooming Syrian-Jordanian relations would be the Al Wahdah Dam and what concrete steps will be taken to translate this Project into reality. The exploitation of the Yarmo waters in a sensible manner is no less urgent as the fair utilisation of the Euphrates River. The issue of water in the next decades will dwarf many other pressing subjects and the implementation of the already existing Jordanian-Syrian agreement to build the Al Wahdah Dam is the litmus test that would determine not only the trend in the Syring-Jordanian relations but also the Arab awareness of the magnitude of the water issue. With the backdrop in mind there is much hope in Damascus and Amman that this week's talks will indeed take the two countries and peoples to a yet new threshold in the burgeoning relations between two Arab states.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i Arabic daily on Wednesday again dwelt on the question of Jewish emigration from the Eastern bloc countries to the occupied Palestinian land. The paper criticised the Soviet Union for allowing that to happen, and for not taking a firm stand in the face of the United States which is forcing the Jews to go to Palestine by closing the door to their arrival in America. The paper said that Washington is doing that so as to please Israel which welcomes the Jews to be settled on Arab land. The paper said that as the Jews arrive, we witness Israel's serious drive to evict the Palestinians from their own homeland, while the world watches without doing anything to prevent another tragedy from befalling the Arab people. It is true that the Soviet Union is coming under increasing pressure from the West to grant human rights to its citizens but when such rights encroach on the existence of another people, Moscow has to have a say in what is happening, the paper continued. The paper also blamed the Arabs for not taking a proper and united stand in the face of the looming danger and in the light of lack of unity within Arab ranks.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily says it is pointless to blame other countries for the plight of the Arab World which is now in disarray and impotent in the face of Israel's continued atrocities in occupied Palestine and the current emigration of Soviet Jews to Palestine. Tareq Masarweh says that the Israelis fought the Arabs in Palestine when they were half a million, and took all of Palestine when they became three million and no one knows that will happen when they increase by one million more. The writer says that the Arabs first of all ought to help intensify the uprising in the occupied territories by providing the necessary help to the Palestinians and then they ought to form a united front with all the thousands of Arab tanks and guns directed towards one target. The writer says it is true that the Arabs are not satisfied with the justifications given by Moscow for allowing Jews to emigrate to Palestine nor are they happy with Washington's continued support for agreession, but he adds, the Arabs are to blame now if they do not take the initiative and counter Israel's plans with meaningful action.

Al Dustour daily also discussed the question of Jewish immigration and said that Moscow's warning to Israel does not help to appease Arab wrath, nor does it respond to Arab demands. However, Washington's commentary on the question of emigration which also contained some criticism for such emigration as it might obstruct peace, shows that the whole world including Israel's allies now realise the grave danger inherent in such moves and underlines the need for a solution to the Palestine problem. Since both superpowers realise the danger, then there must be some way for coordinating their efforts to carry out a joint action designed to put an end to the plight of the Palestinians through the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 242, the paper added. It said that the Arabs however should not suffice themselves with the warnings and should not remain passive to the developments in the occupied lands, but ought to embark on a new diplomatic offensive at the international level.

Focus on People

Veiled myths

By Mariam M. Shahin

THE "mystery" surrounding Arab women that has so often found itself into Western fiction novels and commentaries in the press evidently comes from a lack of contact. While Arab women are frequently described as silent, enigmatic in the West and by those who have had little or no contact with them, those who have, know that Arab women are not an "alien species." While the veil or scarf worn by many women in the Arab and Islamic world distinguishes them from others, they often wonder why are they looked upon as odd.

This week one Arab woman, who spent most of her life clad in a white chiffon scarf that covered mot of her hair, speaks about poetry, her writings, her beliefs about women and Islam as well as her thoughts about social interaction in an Arab Muslim

society. Zulcikha Abu Rishe is a well known Arab writer whose poetry and writings about women and Islam have often created fierce debate in the press in Jordan and elsewhere in the Arab World. As an educator she made attempts to put her particular imprint on Palestinian refugee children she taught at UNRWA schools for almost 19 years. As the daughter of a Sufi sheikh she learned that co-education was not un-Islamic. As the wife of a prominent member of the Muslim Brotherhood movement she experienced the changes in social taught that that movement went through in the last two decades. As a divorcee she was forced to deal with the realities of managing as a woman "on her own" in

Jordan of the 1980's. As a devont Muslim she chose to shed her scarf and declare that true believers need not be

veiled. As an emancipated woman she chose to adopt the emerging feminism in the Arab World. This week she speaks

"I come from a family of poets, almost everyone in my family is a poet of some sort or another and thus writing poetry is a second nature to me," says Zulaika, "When I was growing up and while at uni-versity I always read and wrote." Zuleikha graduated from the University of Jordan in 1966 with a degree in Arabic literature. She taught Arabic and Islam at UNRWA schools until recently when she became an administrator. During her work with UNRWA she attended many courses in education, Islamic studies, Arabic language before receiv-ing her Masters degree in child education. She is now working on her PhD in child education and hopes to teach at higher

Zulcikha began publishing her works only recently, full with thoughts and experiences that accumulated over many

Her teaching experience was extremely important, she says. It kept me in constant touch with the generations and allowed for an incredible exchange of ideas and thoughts." While children learn from their elders, adults can also learn from children, she says. "Children are not effected by socie-, ty's complex rules and are thus much more natural in their reactions. Children's literature

is therefore very important, because it either reinforces 'natural' reactions or instill often complex societal rules." She believes that much of the children teaching material used in schools is translated and not original and that is "one of the

reasons I began writing chil-dren books." Along with children books Zuleikha writes about social issues and beliefs. She also writes poetry and prose in which she also tackles these issues. The first volume of her work, prose and poetry, was published in 1986 and was a "big success." She thought it was only natural, because "af-ter all I was not a beginner. Even if I did not publish pre-viously I had been writing all

She believes that we now live in a new age and that literature must not only reflect the social thought of our times but question it as well. "After the end of colonialism there was a small Arab renaissance movement." That movement was short-lived, she says.

"Now we face new questions. Some are still related to (great powers') occupation of the Arab World in general and greater Syria in particular. After the destruction of Beirut in 1982, a part of our souls were

also destroyed." "While in the 1960s I found that my way of dressing was something that I considered my own personnal style, in the 1970s and 1980s it became a matter of social concern. As strict. Islamic trends spread women came under attack from other women if they contimed to sit and converse with men even if veiled. While at the beginning of my marriage.

to my husband of 19 years, who was a Muslim Brotherhood member, we would sit together in social gatherings as men and women, as time pas-sed this was no longer possible. Social norms changed rapidly and all of the sudden my way of dressing was no longer a "personal matter; it was a so-

cial obligation. While Zuleikha professes to be a devout Muslim she rejects social segregation of the sexes, the hijab and long coats worn by women.

To me they have very little to do with Islam. From my interpretation, the Holy Koran does not oblige a woman to cover her hair. I resent those who preach that a woman who is not veiled cannot speak of Islam. I have had an Islamic education in my parental home, at the university and during my married life and I feel I am free to interpret and apply Islam to my lifestyle in the way I see fit," Zuleikha

She believes that Islam is an extremely positive religion that allows for dynamism and enconrages women's public particination.

She insists that certain people have misused Islam and that they hide under the cloak of religion to excuse their mentality of suppression of all peo-ple, particularly women and

"Some people have attemp-ted to terrorise certain sectors of society in the name of Islam. but I know they will not suc-

ceed for long. She says that religious terror can only exists in an environment of political terror, one breeds the other. The times of political terror are over and that will be the fate of religious

A patriarchal society, she says, is bound to use any weapon at its disposal to remain in power, the result is often a misuse of religion.

Zuleikha says that much of the religious and political ter-ror was practised in the cities of the Arab World rather than the country side and thus pastorial and bedown societies have on the whole been less touched by strict fun-

One aspect of her married and social life that bothered Zuleikha the most during the later part of her married life, which ended in a divorce three years ago, was the lack of questioning. "Discussions and questions were taboo and this created a reaction because even if there are taboos in any society you still have to discuss why the taboos exist otherwise you are challenged to discover

After divorcing her husband three years ago, because of "irreconcilable differences," Znicikha felt that she was left "practically alone." Not only was she responsible for herself and her two children, society, she says, made her feel an

People seem to be frightened of divorced woman who lived on her own. There is a mystery about this woman,' they say, 'there is something wrong'," she says. Sooner after Zuleikha began

to live on her own she entered Amman's cultural scene and became involved with the Writers Association and with all sort of intellectuals.

Along with cultural involve-

ment came the realisation of feminism. "My feminism comes from Islam. If one considers the human condition at the time Islam's birth and the rights that this religion gave women then you realise that feminism is imbedded in Islam. The scripture did not forbid a woman to work or limit her profession. It gave her the

right to own property and be in

control of her own finances,"

Referring to limitations often cited by some Islamists, Zuleikha says: "There are certain limitations which were clearly related to certain social conditions at the time, but have been interpreted, by some, to be valid for all times. Islam is a living religion and thus the scripture has allowed for adaptation to circumstance. Islam speaks of equality of people's regardless of race, age or sex. Some people who claim to speak in the name of Islam may have overlooked some of

these points."
In October 1989, Zuleikha co-founded the Centre for Women Studies to further women issues. The centre's first public stand was during the case against Tujan Faisal, the Amman candidate to parliament who was charged by some fundamentalists with

apostacy.
"Women's movements on the whole have tended to be superficial so far in Joirdan. Limiting themselves to works of charity rather than questioning the social, economic and political status of women. But if men are to be liberated of their social complexes and problems you have to liberate women first, that's our goal," Zuleikha concludes.

The U.N. Decade of International Law 1990 — 1999

Commendable trends emerge in international relations

Dr. Milan Sahovic

THE NOTABLE changes in contemporary international relations naturally also affected the sphere of international law. International law, the development of which largely depends on the state and quality of the leading factors in international life — the great powers and their respective blocs, the Non-Aligned Movement and the developing countries — is gradually feeling the effects of the newly emerging political climate. There are now new prospects for the advancement of international cooperation by checking the arms-race, a more successful resolution by peaceful means of international regional and other disputes, the establishment of new mechanisms in the supervision of various state actions, enhancing the effectiveness of U.N. action, respect for the require-ments of all states and nations in the political, economic, technological, environmental and other fields.

In view of the newly emerging situation the main protagonists of international developments are once again centering attention on international law. It has become necessary for international relations to rest on foundations corresponding to new conditions and this can only be effected by ensuring consistent and strict respect for the legal order in practice and by perfecting it to a measure which will ensure the enforcement of all fundamental, legal and socio-political functions. These are in point of fact the functions underlying the establishment of international law in the course of a hundred year-long process during which a universal international legal order was

and Charybdis in the battle between those upholding armed force and those advocating equitable cooperation. Past experience has confirmed that the greatest progress was made in the development of international law when the interests and stands of new socio-political forces were enabled to manifest and even to assert themselves, meaning during times of easing tension and the quest for new roads in this context. The course of development in

international relations and inter-

national law in the second half of the 20th century, after World War II, largely goes to confirm this statement. The signing of the U.N. Charter opened up a new phase in the history of international law, marked by stronger authority of its basic principles and rules on a world-wide scale. coming to particular expression in the successes scored in the field of progressive development and codification, the expansion of international law to ensure greater respect for human rights and the humanitarian constituent, economic law, institutional and supervisory mechanisms. The affirmation of the legal conception of peaceful and active coexistence among all states, translated into reality thanks to the activities of the Non-Aligned Movement and the inclusion in international law of anticolonial elements, stand for lasting results scored in the battle against Cold War policy, the arms race and the world's division into blocs. The road was long and ardnous fraught with numberous upheavals, however the removal of objective and subjective reasons for continuing sions of the ministerial confer-

steadily improved steering a pre- tension in international life ence of these countries convened of Justice; however there have when it declared itself in favour circumstances surrounding the progress of international law.

It is difficult at present to pro-

nounce final judgment on the value of the changing attitude towards international law. Such an assessment requires considerable time to elapse and the careful recording of concrete results in order to confirm declarations seeking a stronger role of international law in new international circumstances. However, regardless of this point (not to be taken as the author's reservations, but as the result of earlier experiences not always beneficial after the acceptance of whatever major political statements, including those pertaining to international law) it is certain that major prerequisites have been created for more intensive universal state action, both in and outside the U.N., aimed at a more determined and more tangible transformation of international law into an even more effective instrument in regulating international relations and settling international disputes.

It is sufficient to list only some of the outstanding new moments recently evident in the field of international law in order to justify these expectations. The results scored and motions tabled at the 44th session of the U.N. General Assembly indicate possibilities for highly commendable trends in international law during the period ahead. Most important in this context is without doubt the decision to declare the 1990-1999 period as the U.N. Decade of International Law. The motion was tabled by the Non-Aligned Movement, based on the deci-

adopted also at the minth conference of heads of state or government, and so the U.N. General Assembly resolution determined the basic aims of the decade. It was further stated that a concrete programme should be adopted at the following 45th session after suitable consultations

among the member-countries. The fundamental objectives of the decade are: lending incentive to the acceptance of and respect for the principles of international law, promoting ways and means for the peaceful resolution of disputes, including respect for the rulings of the International Court of Justice, promoting the continued progressive development and codification of international law and the instruction, study and propagation of international law. These aims definitely include all actions undertaken as from this moment intended - in principle and in practice - to dovetail international law as it is today with all its strong points with current political, economic, social, scientific, technological, cuvironmental and other condi-

It is evident that conditions conducive to these aims to exist as illustrated by many earlier drives indicating that internationai rules and principles must be expanded to include new sectors. For, although much has been accomplished in strengthening foundations for the peaceful resolution of disputes, there have been many new motions on how to improve the various U.N. mechanisms and suggesting methods to this end. Special

ing of a new convention on this issue. There have also been demands for completing the draft rules for a codex on crimes against peace, security and humanity and corresponding jurisdiction of the courts, as well as for the establishment of an International Criminal Court for the prosecution of individuals and groups engaged in illegal drug traffic and engaged in other transpational criminal activities. The Commission for International Law has been requested to complete the draft rules on the uses for navigational purposes of international water ways and calling to account factors responsible for the damage caused by the latest scientific and technological achievements. It has also been planned to convene an international conference to define terrorism in order clearly to distinguish the latter from national liberation struggles.

in drafting the programme of the decade devoted to the continuing advancement of international law. However, there will cer-tainly also be other motions tabled by the U.N. member states, scientific and other associations by the time the U.N. General Assembly reconvenes. It is therefore imperative to give serious and comprehensive consideration to the general range and broader competences of international law in relationship to the internal competences of various states and their sovereignty giving due attention to possible primacy of international law. In insistence was put on the compe-tence of the International Court made a notable contribution

All these motions should cer-

tainly be given due consideration

the International Court of Justice and other judiciary establishments in relationship to the state in instances of human rights and generally speaking is also a point to be considered carefully. All these questions must be closely studied if the role of international law is genuinely to carry greater weight in the modern world. One has to admit that as it stands today the possibilities for resorting to international law have virtually been exhausted. Strengthening efforts towards integration and institutionalisation among all states in the international sphere, regardless of their international orders, by far exceed the conception of coexistence (no matter how active this coexistence may be) on which traditional rulings in international law have so far been founded Consequently a way out of disputed situations arising with increasing frequency in this sphere must be sought in new breakthroughs.

Considering all these points one can easily understand why the initiatives of the non-aligned countries to give increasing attention to international law have during the past ten years met with the understanding and support of other countries. It would be highly commendable if during this decade the world's states were in their daily actions and regular practice to show more respect for their international legal obligations, if these were to be strictly applied, demonstrating respect for the rules and principles of international law in general — Review of International Affairs();

Japan's angry women seek vengeance at polls

By Nao Nakanishi

TOKYO - Last time angry Japanese women flexed their political muscles they humbled the ruling party, but analysts doubt that even their mass hostility at February 18 lower house

elections will be able to shake the party's 34-year hold on power. It was women's fury over financial and sex scandals and an irksome sales tax that sparked the July 1989 voter revolt that saw the Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) lose control of the upper

house of parliament.

desperate LDP efforts to placate bitter against the Liberal Demo-

But a combination of a split opposition, a complex electoral system and apparent male reluctance this time to back the women's auti-LDP crosade seems likely to result in the ruling party squeaking back, either by win-ning a bare majority itself or by recruiting conservative indepen-

"It is difficult to forecast exactly what is going to happen in next month's elections," said Michitoshi Takabatake, politics professor at Rikkyo University.

Analysts said they found "But one thing is certain: female voters still funious despite" women have remained angry and

them in the run-up to next cratic Party (LDP). They don't month's crucial election. cratic Party (LDP). They don't for-favours) scandal and the sales tax," he said. With its inept introduction of

the three per cent sales tax, Recruit and the sex indiscretions of ephemeral Prime Minister Sosuke Uno, the party managed to outrage most voters but particularly women who, political analysts say, played a big part in their humiliating defeat.

At the beight of public disaffection last July, in the elections when the LDP lost its upper house majority for the first time opposition parties.

Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, chosen by LDP elders to lift the party's sinking fortunes, set about wooing back the female vote. He

appointed a woman to the key double post of chief cabinet secretary and government spokeswoman, proposed revising the unpopular sales tax, and began work on plans for political

Kaifu's efforts failed to impress voters, many of whom told pollsters they wanted to see more drastic change. To a cynical public, the cabinet spokeswoman was since the 1950s, a record 22 just a token, a powerless puppet

women won seats, all but two for of the old male establishment. A record 68 women are exelections for the 512-seat lower bouse, though that chamber's electoral system makes it more difficult for novices to compete difficult for novices to compete

against veteran politicians.
"It's not Eastern Europe where democracy is retarded," shouts housewife Keiko Muramori, campaigning for a woman candidate in Tokyo. "It is here in Japan."

Toshihiko Hara, professor of sociology at Toksi University, said: "The female voters are still forious. The difference from last July is that now they are failing to mobilise the men, who have be-gun calculating their business in-system.

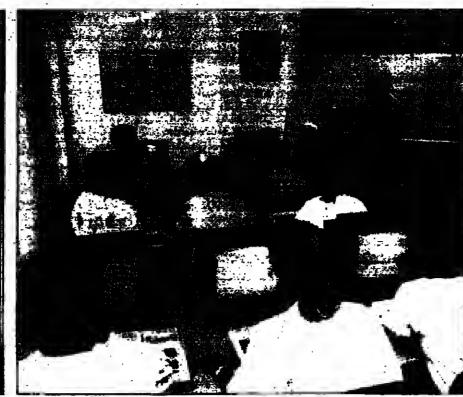
"Male voters are not going pected to rum in next month's along because they know that the

> While the election result looks like being very close, most analysts expect the LDP to hang on to power, either by winning a bare majority themselves or by making up the necessary 257 scale, by recruiting conservative independents.

Women are not expected to make such an impact this time as they did in the upper house elec-

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In recent years, computers invaded many Jordanian homes. The Ministry of Education has already introduced computers at certain schools. In the following report Nur Sati explores the extent to which people accepted the machine.

Many computers, few users, fewer specialists

AMMAN — While computers set the trend of our times and contribute to advancements in all fields, Jordan's few computer users have only a scant idea of what the machine can do. No one denies that the compu-

ter industry has gained momentum throughout the years. According to statistics from the Jordan Computer Society, Jordan boasts some 89 registered computer companies, ten of which are hardware vendors, three software agents and ten vendors of accessorics and consumables:

Even though there may not be enough software agents, most of the software is developed locally, says Yousef Barghouthi, general manager of General Computer Company. But software development takes time and effort. To aim for high quality packages you need proper attention, otherwise, quality may not reach the level of excellence required, some vendors say.

According to Barghouthi, between 1986 and 1988 the government, with help from the United States, spent 33 million on hardware, but neglected software.

The government can be more helpful towards software needs," says Ghassan Abdullah, former president of the Jordan Computer Society. He adds that all the tenders advertised by government institutions focus on compu ter hardware. The result, according to an official survey, was that per cent of the money was spent on hardware while only 11 per cent on software and the remaining on consultancy and

Because of such market trends and tough competition, software piracy has become a habitual phenomena affecting both imported and local products. Barghouthi suggests that the government allocate a certain percentage of its computer budgets for locally developed software.

While some agree to such investments others maintain that some vendors abuse the budget out of ignorance. A computer vendor says that only very few agents realise the cost of software, be it quality control or customer training etc. While some vendors make some efforts towards improving people's awareness, new vendors appear on the market repeating the same mistakes and thus stunting

As all competition emerged at ... once the vital need for an organised system and for set regulations to govern computer development in the country was neglected. "The computer business is such that trial and error has become a popular method,"

Not only does the vacuum of software development need to be filled but awareness amongst the people is a vital element that has not been awarded enough atten-

"We want the population at large to feel comfortable with the idea of computers being friendly gimics," says Hazem Milhem, director of Jordan Computer Centre. He targets the mass population and so far only about 30 per cent buy computers.

Although computers are seen more frequently at the homes and offices of many people, the popular feeling is still one of anxiety towards the machine. For many, it is an untouchable and powerfully delicate machine that may break out of control.

Milhem explains that it is not a surprising reaction. Whereas in the West, computers are seen everywhere such as at airports, bus stations, hotels, etc, people have established a direct relationship with the machine. But in Jordan, the level of adapting to the idea of a computer being. friendly has not yet reached the people because the machines hide behind closed doors. With the personal computer

homes, it has created more end user is price conscious with-

the PC attracts children who can use it to play games, students who can rely on the machine to conduct their researches and professionals who, with ocmputer help, can create sophisticated spreadsheets and databases. He adds that in order to encourage the computer market and broaden people's awareness, there should be proper campaigning and extra computer centres for teachers and students, in addition to more exhibitions and seminars.

According to Yasser Husseini, field service manager at the Computer Communications Systems Company, the issue of awareness has to do with the problem of language. Jordanians do not even have the basic skills of the English language, which make it difficult for them to communicate with the computer. Moreover, Husseini says that the standard of the computer curricula at uni-versities and college is below

average. According to a computer vendor, students graduate with computer "design and programming degrees yet they fail misecably on the practical level.

Many in the computer business

say that the end user has also created a vacuum as well as en-(PC) entering schools and most couraged misconceptions. "The awareness. Milhem explains that out any concern for quality or

after sales support and service." A computer vendor adds that the end user often does not care to spend money on training and expects the vendor to "spoonfeed" his staff. Computer vendors say that the end user has ostracised the consultant and misused its role by expecting free consultancy and advice. What can be done about all

Abdullah says that the situation must change if the market is to reach the level of satisfaction and coherence that exists in other

A few years ago, the Jordan Computer Society was created causing everyone to rejoice at the prospect of a body that would review the problems and bring about solutions. Unfortunately, many in the business say that the society has no effective role or influence at any level.

Although it does hold seminars, send out news letters and give advice to the vendors, it was clearly not satisfying to the needs

It is never too late to create rules, set standards and enhance organisation. But action is needed quickly or more chaos will set in and the end user will continue to take advantage of the situation and in turn create more havoc, say many computer ven-

Marrakesh blooms ease **Europe** winter gloom

By Stephen Hughes
Reuter

MARRAKESH, Morocco — The winter roses of Marrakesh have no scent but they make a sweet profit.

Mayacco's proximity to Europe has made growing roses big business with exporters enjoying a boom that has shown no sign of a let-up in the past decade.

And the long-stemmed blooms growing in profusion in the gar-dens of this red-walled city are in great demand in European centres during winter.

Exports have more than tripled in five years from 300 to 1,100 tonnes, according to Ampexfleurs, the association of flower producers and exporters.

Exports received a boost when the national carrier Royal Air Maroc slashed freight costs for cut flowers a year ago.

The association's president, Casablanca commercial lawyer and former newspaper editor Mohammad Berrada, said: "I thought it would be nice and romantic growing roses for a liv-ing. It still is, but it's damned hard work too."

He is typical of Moroccan floriculturists who have abandoned other professions like the civil service to devote themselves to the booming cut flower business. Among them are former citrus fruit growers who have found that growing roses pays more.

Morocco is ideal for winter flower cultivation, but the crops have to be protected from the hot sun by domes of plastic film, and irrigated with spray systems. Why is it that Marrakesh roses

have no scent? Berrada explained

that flowers grown for export are

The climate of southern

a special hardy species with no perfume and they will last for at cast a week. "If it smells good it is no good for us because it will only last a

day or two," he said. In the last 10 years, annual production has grown phe-

nomenally from 80 to 2,300 tonnes. Marrakesh roses account for 80 per cent of total output in the Operators are reluctant to re-

veal profit margins, but a dozen roses can be bought in the local flower market for \$1.50. A single rose can cost much more at a Parisian florist.

They are shipped by air mainly to France, which takes 75 per cent of total exports, and also to West Germany, Switzerland, Au-stria, Britain, Italy, Sweden, Canada and the United States.

Producers rely on advanced techniques perfected in other countries like the netherlands, the world's biggest cut flower

Slide film

Processing by

Konica

Randa Habib's Corner"

Welcome back

Randa Habib is the Jordan correspondent of Agence France Presse (AFP). Today she resumes writing per weekly column after an absence of (...)

IT has been a long time. Too long. One year, two years... I stopped

But why look back? Things have changed, and in this open atmosphere, and of the freedom of expression that we enjoy today, I simply could not turn down the offer that was made to me: to bring back to life this corner.

George Hawatmeh, the old-new editor of the Jordan Times, told me on the phone yesterday: "Welcome back". And back I am. I hope, however, that I will be welcomed by all of you. So we will meet in the same space, every Thunsday; for humour and laugh more than for gloom and bitterness, and for the sake of being constructive rather than being passive. Walls have fallen in Eastern Europe. Here too. The Soviet Union

has had its perestroika. We now have our Jordanstroika. The winds of democracy have finally blown over the Eastern hemisphere. Winds of change are blowing over our bills, uncovering the beautiful grass that is growing underneath them. And despite our economic problems and the heavy burdens of our debts, we can shout loud: We are free. Free at last to dream. For the dream is our ticket to tomorrow, and our way to true salvation.

So the material is there, waiting for us to pick it up. We be and trust that our institutions will provide us with all the ingredients we need. After all, in addition to the traditional targets of this column, we have 120 more people, under the dome of parliament. Just imagine the possibilities.

Not-again mood grips Venice

By Victor L. Simpson The Associated Press

VENICE, Italy, - Even as Venice enjoys a winter hibernation that allows the echoes of footsteps to resound in the nearly deserted squares, the specter of Pink Floyd refuses to go away. A summer concert by the British rock group that drew more than 100,000 young people and left the city awash in garbage is a

recurring nightmare. It is being used as ammunition in a battle being waged over a bid to make Venice the site of an

international fair in the year 2000 and has led officials to bar carnival celebrations from famed St. Mark's square. Pink Floyd was allowed to perform on a floating stage in the Venice lagoon in July after the

rock group agreed to reduce its decibel level to protect the colonnaded square and ninth-century basilica. But the trash left behind by the concertgoers and the sight of

thousands sleeping in the streets proved too much for many Vene-St. Mark's, said fine arts commissioner Margherita Asso in

banning the annual carnival from the massive square, "was attacked by vandals and there wasn't, protection." So carnival will go on in other

parts of the city judged less fra-gile, inaugurated Feb. 10 by a procession up the grand canal led by a 25-metre-long floating repli-ca of a bottle of Italian bubbly.

Pre-Lent merrymaking is not the only talk of Venice. There is also the bid, put forward by the Veneto region, to make Venice and nearby cities the site of Expo

Backers include such powerful figures as Venetian-born Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis, who also supported the Pink Floyd concert. The Socialist official, the author of a guide to discos in Italy, had said Venice must be open to all forms of culture, including rock music.

The fair is seen as a way of breathing new life into this city of

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canals and marble palaces, whose year-round population has dwindled to 80,000 from 130,000 over the past 25 years. Exhibitions would feature science and cul-

With the proper controls, said de Michelis, Expo 2000 would be the right way to bring Venice into the new century.

Those in favour insist the fair could attract new businesses and lead to the renovation of housing and neighbourhoods that have decayed as young people have gone to the mainland in search of

They have left Venice to the summer tourists and, to the lament of many locals, cheap souvenit shops and pizza parlors catering to day-trippers with backpacks. Such tourism has inspired calls for daily quotas on the number of visitors. "I am one of those who believe

the idea (of a fair) should be examined, not just written off," said Venice's cultural commissioner, Fulgenzio Livieri, sitting in his office looking out onto St. Mark's square, frequented by almost as many pigeons as people this time of the year.

He sees it as an opportunity to attract two industries "ideally suited" to the lagoon city - films

and fashions. "Pink floyd effect" is still running

Graffiti and posters declaring "no to Expo" have gone up in the

distinctive narrow lanes near the Rialto bridge, while someone has scrawled "de Michelis, repent" on the canseway linking Venice to Mestre on the mainland.

In December, a small group of Venetians took their protest to Paris, holding up signs ontside the offices of the international committee that will select the host city. The other candidates

are Hannover, West Germany, and Toronto, Canada. The committee is expected to make its decision in June.

For a city so dependent on outsiders, even those catering to tourists seem to have had their fill and hope Venice is kept out of

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a possible cancer inhibitor?

DRINK tea and drink it often. Then you are likely to be free of the malignant tumour of csophagus. This was an initial conclusion drawn by a group of medical scientists from the Institute of Nutrition and Food Hygiene under the Chinese Academy of Preventive Medicine.

"Our three-year research has revealed tea's new value in cancer prevention," said Professor Wang Huaizhou, a 71-year-old research fellow of the institute. "We believe that the polyphenol contents in tea work the miracle," be added. The professor said further

analysis has yet to be made to fully identify the polyphenol contents. But it is generally known that tea leaves contain alkaloid caffeine, tannin, volatile oil, etc., and when infused with boiling water have mild stimulant and tonic properties.

A generally recognised cancercausing substance is nitroso compound. To test whether tea is capable of blocking the formation of this deadly compound, the researchers first studied 17 types of tea in 1986. They found that Oolong and green ten were the most effective in blocking the synthesis of nitroso compound.

In 1988, they studied 145 types of tea collected from the country's major tea-producing areas in Zhejiang, Anhui, Fujian and Jiangxi provinces. The tests showed that green tea's blocking rate was over 90 per cent, the highest of the 145. Following green tea are brick tea, Jasmine. Oolong and

"We also found that tea's function to block the cancer-causing compound is closely related to the way it is processed and the period of its storage," Wang said.

The tea kept in a tin for one year, for instance, could have its blocking rate reduced by 10 per cent. And after the tea is infused, he said, the longer the tea water is laid undrunk, the less effective it will be at blocking the forma-

tion of nitroso compound. To make sure about tea's effect on inhibiting N-nitrosation - the process of converting to nitroso

bodies, 14 adult males, all non smokers, volunteered to take part in the tea-drinking test.

"They were divided into two

groups, one drunk tea before breakfast and the other after it," said Prof. Wang. "Then we exnitroso proline excreted decreased significantly."

He said the test proved that both green tea and black tea could inhibit N-nitrosation, but

drinking tea after meal had better blocking effects than before it. In another safe experiment, Wang said, 12 volunteers (four males and eight females) were given one, three or five grammes of

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green tea respectively in different periods. "The results showed that three to five grammes of tea, which was brewed twice, each time with 150 millilitres of boiling water, could effectively block the formation of nitroso compound inside human bodies," the professor

Two other animal experiments conducted by Professor Han Chi of the same institute, further veri-fied tea's cancer-inhibiting effect.

"This time we used 280 laboratory rats and we divided them into seven groups," she said. "We injected two pro-drugs - sodium nitrite and methylbenzyamine into the rats. The drugs converted to a strong carcinogenic subst-

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ance inside those rats' bodies. Then the researchers let one group of rats drink tap water and the other six drink different kinds of tea. Twelve weeks later, Prof. Han said esophageal cancer appeared in 95 per cent of rats in the tap-water group while the incidence was only 5 to 19 per cent in the tea-drinking groups. In the other animal experi-

ment, Han said, researchers directly poured a kind of carcinogenic substance - NMBzA into the throats of another 154 rats and also gave one group the simple tap water treatment and the others tea.

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contracted carcinoma of esophagus while the incidence rate was 42-67 per cent in the other groups," she said. The lowest incidence rate (42 per cent) went with the group treated with Fujian Oolong tea. Although the researchers of

the institute have proved tea's positive effect in blocking the formation of cancer-causing substance in esophagus, Prof. Wang Huaizhou described what has been achieved as "initial."

"Further study has to be made to fully identify the polyphenol contents in tea," he said, "and to reveal the relationship between "Then we found that 90 per tea-drinking and cancer inci-cent of rats in the water group dence." — China features.

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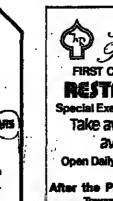
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GCC gas grid faces host of uncertainties

DUBAI (R) — A proposal for a Gulf-wide natural gas pipeline grid is unlikely to be anything more than just a plan on paper until uncertainties over a whole set of practical problems have been cleared away, Gulf industry analysts say.

Uncertainty about future local supply and demand for gas, and the unknown variable of future international gas market prices bolding the six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) member states back from jumping into a project which would take billions of dollars and years to complete,

"Although they are very close to each other, uncertainties over the future make it difficult to commit themselves to long-term arrangements," one oil industry executive said.

Qatar is developing the biggest single natural gas reservoir in the world, called the North Field. and is particularly keen to have its GCC partners buy its gas, the analysts said.

Other GCC states — Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Oman, and Bahrain are expected to express their level of interest in Qatari gas in line with a request made at a GCC experts meeting in Doha last month, the analysts said.

But oil industry sources said

in the Gulf states may force them sometime in the next century to link supplies, but a large scale gas pipeline grid is out of the ques-tion in the short-term.

The GCC members, most of them major crude oil producers, own around 14 per cent of the world's known natural gas re-

"There is an interest in neighbouring countries for gas from Qatar, and we are conducting a feasibility study on this," Jaber Al Marri, managing director of Qatar General Petroleum Corporation (QGPC), said in Doha

"The demand for natural gas is rising and they (the GCC states) want to maximise gas utilisation mainly for power generation," he said in an interview.

Marri said Qatar is now discussing exporting gas to the emirate of Dubai in the United Arab Fmirates (UAE), which has embarked on various power and industrial expansion projects.

Kuwait, which is currently buying gas from Iraq, could be a future customer, oil industry

ter pipe is needed to connect North Field to Dubai and from there it could extend to Oman. Talks with Dubai centre on Dubai's gas needs, which are

estimated between 200 million to 600 million cubic feet a day, and on the cost of the gas and the pipeline, they added.

The GCC members, dependent on crude oil and product exports for most of their income, have started to develop gas based industries, mainly petrochemicals, in the last 10 years to diversify

Most of the natural gas current-ly produced in the Gulf is in the form of associated gas, a by-product of crude oil, and most other Gulf states are also boosting their own gas output. Oil industry analysts believe

that planned gas-based industries general expansion in most GCC states will also boost gas demand, but say it is difficult to say by how much Sandi Arabia is the biggest gas user but "the associated gas pro-duction in Saudi Arabia will in-

ched a programme to raise its crude output," one oil industry executive said. The kingdom has also increased its non-associated gas production to meet rising domes-

four-year Uruguay Round due to

United States and most other

delegations over what negotiating

Many countries favoured using

a mathematical formula for a

coordinated reduction of tariff

duties by an overall average of about 30 per cent. The U.S. had

advocated a "request and offer" method, under which it would ask

for tariff cuts on given products,

and offer to lower one of its own

The U.S. argued that most of

its tariff rates were already low.

But some other countries held

that Washington's approach re-.

tive industries, such as textiles, where the U.S. tariff is still re-

latively high.
The GATT spokesman, re-

plying to reporters' questions,

said the agreed procedure

allowed countries either to use a

formula approach in their offers,

or to table individual offers and

requests. Although not ideal, it

was the best way, given the poli-

tical and economic constraints

THE BETTER HALF,

and limitations, he said.

procedure to follow.

for each reduction.

crease as the kingdom has laun-

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Bahrain, Harken sign oji deai

BAHRAIN (R) — Bahrain signed a contract with the U.S. firm Harken Petroleum Tuesday to drill for oil and gas off its northern coast, the Gulf News Agency (GNA) quoted Industry and Development Minister Yousef Shirawi as saying. Shirawi said Harken, a Texas-based "wildcat" firm, would carry out a three-year exploration programme off the islands of Muharraq and Umm Nasan and on the coral reef of Fasht Al Jarim. It drilling was successful, profits would be shared between Harken and the Bahrain National Petroleum Company for 35 years, Shirawi said. The report gave no further details. Wildcat wells are drilled with little seismic information about underlying rock formations. Bahrain produces about 45,000 barrels per day (b/d) from dwindling oil reserves which are expected to run out by the turn of the century. It buys most of the oil for the 250,000 bod refinery from Sandi Arabia. It also produces about 700 million cubic feet a day of gas from estimated reserves of about 10,000 billion cubic feet.

65.000 Maiaysian workers strike

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - More than 65,000 Malaysian plantation workers began a nationwide strike Wednesday to press for a monthly wage scheme, while emergency talks to head off the dispute collapsed. Acting Labour Minister Lee Kim Sai summoned plantation owners and the workers' union to a three-hour meeting in the capital, hours after the strike began, but the meeting ended in a deadlock. The strike, which affects mainly the rubber and oil palm estates, threatens to cripple Malaysia's commodity sector. Malaysia is the world's largest palm oil and rubber producer. Lee threatened to take the dispute to the industrial court, a move that would automatically end the strike, if no compromise emerged Wednesday. He said he would decide after the National Union of Plantation Workers held an emergency council meeting Friday. Thursday is a public holiday.

Elfaims to expand in Britain

PARIS (R) — French oil giant Elf has said it was negotiating to buy U.S.-based Amoco's 250 petrol stations in Britain as part of a new strategy to expand overseas. State-controlled Societe Nationale Elf Aquitaine did not disclose financial details of the planned deal, which would make it the tenth biggest petrol retailer in Britain, but analysts gave a price tag of about \$600 million. Elf, which already has 450 petrol stations in Britain, will double its share of the market to four per cent if the deal goes through, Chairman Loik Le Floch-Prigent said. Le Floch-Prigent stimated Elf's 1989 net profit at more than seven billion francs (\$1.23 billion) compared with 7.21 billion francs (\$1.27 billion) in 1988. Gross earnings in fact rose 40 per cent, buoyed by high oil output and high prices, but net profit was reduced three billion francs (\$525 million) by a decision to write down the book value of the phosphate and soda ash assets of Texasguif, a U.S. firm in which Elf has an 85 per cent stake.

iDB gives Turkey loan, grant

ANKARA (R) — Turkey signed with the Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) for a \$10 million credit and a \$5 million grant, Turkish treasury officials said. Officials said the grant and the 20-year credit, with a five-year grace period, would help to finance infrastructure projects and the building of homes in the western city of Izmir for ethnic Turkish refugees from Bulgaria.

Ershad demands end to 'decade of despair'

Mohammad Ershad Tuesday urged industrialised countries to reduce crushing Third World debt and draw the developing world into the economic mainstream and out of a "decade of

Ershad, in a speech to the non-aligned Group of 77, warned that half a billion people in the least developed countries, includ-ing Bangladesh, remain "on the margin of existence" and need international support.

Bangladesh, a flood-ravaged nation in the Ganges River delta, has an average per capita income of \$160 per year.
"The restoration of growth in

the LDCs (least developed countries) will require substantial increase in development assistance," he said.

For the underdeveloped coun-

a decade of socio-economic

stagnation.
"What was to be a decade of development became a decade of despair," he said. Average per capita income declined for most. of the decade, and unemploy-ment and illiteracy rose, he said.

Ershad said overseas development assistance, ODA, must move towards an agreed target of .15 per cent of the donor's gross national product (GNP) or alternatively doubling aid for the least developed countries. "Donors should consider

doubling the present level of ODA in the next five years," Ershad said. In the long term they should aim at revising the target to .20 per cent of their GNP to least developed nations, he said.

He praised the Toronto summit of industrialised nations, which tries, Ershad said, the 1980s were agreed last year to some debt

since then are still very inadequate. He said the burden of debt must be lifted "at least to the point where their economies can grow out of their overwhelming

He said it also is necessary to decisively reduce the overall debt stock of the least developed countries and substantially reduce their multilateral and commercial debt obligations.

The least developed countries need more help if they are to join the world economy, Ershad said. He cited stabilisation of commodity prices and fair compensation to the countries for shortfalls in export earnings due to market fluctuations.

Access to markets, less protectionism, exemption from quota and full duty-free treatment of the least developed countries' exports also are vital, the president

EIU sees quick East Bloc adoption of market economy

LONDON (R) — East European results have been so meagre," the nations are likely to move rapidly towards free markets irrespective of economic and political problems facing Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev, an independent British research group said Wednesday.

The Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU) said failure to implement radical economic reform in the Soviet Union resulted from clear divisions in the ruling Politburo but it forecast that Moscow's former satellite states would be well placed to use cheap labour to step up exports to the

"Disunity in the Politburo is... one reason why the scope of perestroika remains to so limited four years into Mr. Gorbachev's terrure of power and why its

research group said in its 1990 World Outlook.

The EIU, part of the group which also publishes the weekly newspaper The Economist, said disenchantment with 40 years of central planning and the West's linking of assistance to reform meant East Bloc nations would transform their economies

It said it was too late to turn the clock back in Eastern Europe after the sweeping changes of 1989 even if the Soviet president were removed from office in a neo-Stalinist backlash.

But it said reform could cause considerable disruption for the consumers of Eastern Europe. the Soviet Union and the West. The EIU forecast:

- The downfall of the Ceausescu regime in Romania will lead to cutbacks in food supplies to the Soviet Union as the new Bucharest government feeds its own people. Fifteen per cent of Soviet imports of fresh and frozen meat come from Romania and 10 per cent of imports of processed meat, poultry and vegetables. The Soviet Union may have to buy more food on the world market.

- The move to democracy in Czechoslovakia and East Germany is bad news for Poland and Hnngary. Western investment could be diverted to the more heavily industrialised nations and outlying European Community nations such as Portugal could also suffer.

Negotiators unblock impasse on GATT tariff discussions

trade officials agreed Tuesday after more than six months of bargaining on a procedure to negotiate tariff cuts.

A series of intensive private consultations at the 105-Nation Uruguay Round of world trade talks produced an accord that was adopted at a formal meeting Tuesday of a group negotiating on tariffs, a spokesman for the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) said.

He said many delegations described the agreement as a considerable step forward for both the tariff negotiations in particular and the Uruguay Round in

Under the procedure all partiend next December, it was essential for this major sector to move cipating countries will submit ahead into a substantive phase. proposals for reducing, climinat-Progress had been blooked by ng and binding tariffs on imports leep disagreement between the by March 15.

Binding a tariff means fixing it at a level above which it may not be increased without offering another trade concession as com-

The first of a series of further meetings to review and assess, initial offers will be held not later than April 18. Negotiators will aim to table preliminary requests for improving offers by April 30, the spokesman said.

Delegates said that, with the

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

TT Ø deller	Buy 659.0	Sell 665.0	French franc Japanese yen (for 100)	114.8 456.3	115. 460.
U.S. dollar			Dutch guilder	346.0	349.
Pound Sterling	1106.1		Swedish crown	107.2	108.
Deutschemark	389.9	393.8			
Swiss franc	439.8	444.2	Italian lira (for 100)	52.5	53.
O-ILLI			Belgian franc (for 10)	186.6	188.

Central Bank official rates

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1.6830/40 One U.S. dollar 1.1880/90 1.6803/10 1.8945/55 35.13/17 1249/1250 144,20/30 6.4885/35 6.4935/85 One ounce of gold

1.4892/902 5.7050/100 6.1000/400 416.50/417.00

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Profit-taking in the gold sector and a late self-off among the industrials drove Australia's share market into a sharp retreat after Tuesday's gold-inspired rally. The All Ordinaries Index fell 18.9 to close at 1677.0.

TOKYO - Index-linked buying from investment trust funds with bundles of new cash helped lift share prices out of their throughs, but they still closed slightly lower in scant trade. The Nikkei ended down 26.72 at 37,188.95.

HONG KONG - Stocks closed lower after a very quiet day's trade dominated by trading in selected blue chips. The Hang Seng Index closed down 9.20 points at 2,751.60.

SINGAPORE — The market closed on mixed note after a day of active trading saw selective buying. The Straits Time index closed 3.13 points lower at 1,515.01.

BOMBAY — Share prices fell sharply for the second day on heavy nervous selling over fears of a fourth India-Pakistan war. The Bombay index plummeted 17.76 points to 683.32.

FRANKFURT - West German shares closed higher as the market's underlying positive mood returned. The Dax index closed at 1,822.78 up 9.88 points from Tuesday's close.

ZURICH — Good demand for Swiss insurers' registered shares brought a firmer tone to the market and prices recovered to close slightly firmer. The SPI index rose 2.6 to 1,102.3.

PARIS - Share prices ended lower in a very thin market with investors reluctant to take a lead from Wall Street's higher trend amid continued uncertainty over the world economic outlook. The CAC-40 index ended 9.15 points down at 1,882.88.

LONDON --- Shares were firmer near the close, but it was from Jumbles: ADAGE EMERY SLEEPY MUSTER. few special situations rather than conviction the market had turned around. By 1554 GMT the FTSE was 11.6 up at 2,333.6. What that wild animal trainer at the circ does—"TAMES" TO PLEASE

GEDEH

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gians and six lawyers which en-TEHRAN (R) - Iran's five-year economic plan won final approval surés laws do not violate Islamic Wednesday after minor changes principles or the constitution.

Thank God, through efforts of the Majlis (parliament) and the Guardian Council the five-yearplan won final approval just Majlis Speaker Mehdi BOW.

The plan, which aims for an eight per cent annual growth and allows the use of \$27.6 billion of foreign credit, is central to President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani's efforts to rebuild the economy after the eight-year war

with Iraq.
Parts of the plan, originally passed by parliament Jan. 9, were vetoed by the Guardian Council, a committee of six Islamic theolo-

HARRIS

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by Henri Amold and Bob Lee

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"Oh, all right — I'll keep my cold feet on my own side of the bed!"

By Harris

Parliament made a few minor changes Wednesday to incorpo-

But it left unchanged the only controversial point, a clause which forbids the conversion of farmland and fruit orchards to

rate the council's views.

non-agricultural use. The council had ruled that this

conflicted with the right of the individual to his property under Islamic law, according to the head of the Majlis plan and budget committee Morteza

Iran five-year plan wins final approval

Exemptions were included in the government regulations and

vinced later that this was enough. to meet its objections.

Final approval of the plan gives Rafsanjani a free hand to implement his policies to revive industrial production and give a greater role to the private sector in the

His plan was backed by the

includes some of the most vocal critics of foreign borrowing.

"Our society hopes to move

towards reconstruction and stability after the approval of the five-year plan and the readiness of Mr. Rafsanjani's government to implement it," the group said influential Tehran militant clergy in a statement published in Ettethe council was apparently con- men parliamentary group which laat newspaper Tuesday.

East Germany reports economic crisis

EAST BERLIN (R) — East Germany's parliament has heard a grim report on the country's crisis-ridden economy, ruined by four decades of communist fiscal mismanagement and inefficient

central planning. The report underlined a painful task confronting the once-hardline East European state as it moves towards an open, market economy in a democratic political

There were few new revelations, but the report served to emphasise the plight of East Germany which opened its doors a week ago to badly-needed foreign investment and business exper-

"Because of mistaken economic policies, the East German economy has fallen into a crisis. Karl Gruenheid, head of the government's economic committee, told parliament in summing up the report.

East Germans flooding to the West to seek a better life had torn gaping holes in the economy and industry was neither competitive nor efficient. The country's debt had grown because the economy consumed more than it produced.

Industrial production, trans-port, trade and local industry had been especially hit in the fourth

quarter of last year, as around warning strikes against the com-350,000 East Germans left the munist-led coalition that has country. There were more than 170,000 vacant jobs, many in skilled areas:

Production was expected to fall by between four and five per cent the first quarter of this year compared with the first quarter of 1989, Gruenheid said, and the country would continue to run a large foreign trade deficit this

Hundreds of people are still packing their bags every day to seek a better life in affluent West Germany.

He appealed for an end to

ruled the country for the last nine weeks, since a peaceful revolution smashed the old order.
"Strikes are destablising," he

said. The coalition, under reformist -Prime Minister Hans Modrow, Sunday agreed to form a "national unity" coalition with opposition groups and parties.

Modrow said Monday that economy and law-and-order were collapsing in East Germany and that a decision to advance free elections to March was a matter of national salvation.



HOROSCOPE

PORECAST FOR THURSDAY PERSUARY 1, 1996 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: THE is a good day to go directly to those who are your partners or oppo-bents to toll these exactly what you have in mind and would like to do that: requires some additional

ARDES: (March 21 to April 19) You can go thrward and meet those interesting contacts you have anticipated knowing. Take your family with you to enjoy some public or community events. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Discuss longtime desires for going to a pleasure resort with a knowledgeable friend. You and your attachment will enjoy some conside

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East General

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alvation.

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GEMUNI: (May 21 to June 21) A trip to see close companions with good friends brings happiness to all involved. Be with your attachment as much as you are able.

MOON CHILDREN; (June 22 to July 21) Go Dusch with mader-standing friends at places of amosement. You need some fresh new inspiration to impress your

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Explaining true facts of a simution will ward off family arguments. Combine usual pleasures with some persons you have just met for mate's happiness.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Accept help from a progressive

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY FEBRUARY 2, 1996 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARJES: (March 21 to April 19) Don't fence an association with a newcomer to whom you are attracted into your circle of friends. You can easily make your home more attractive and opative. TAURUE: (April 20 to May 20)
Take your family with you to some fine outside places of recreation.
Let attachment know in little ways the extent of your devotion.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Make sure you drive carefully on jaunts to see relatives and companions. A good day to get every single condition at your home in the peak of condition.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Your best time socially can now be on trips with good frieads. Very good time for important discussions and having a good time with your family.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) If you have duties to perform for family do them without insisting others aid you. Do not bring up subjects that you and your family do not see

VIRGO: (Angust 22 to September 22) Go forward with some modern improvements to your activities, but do so without haste. Surprising annoyances that occur at your resi dence need to be taken in stride. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

friend with daily duties. You see the best way to convince business ally to go along with your views. Linkar (September 23 to October 22) You can give your confidence now, for very reliable friends are

shout you. Accompanying your attachment to recreations will bring you new romance. SCORPEO: (October 23 to November 21) Much pleasure will come from recreation, amusements with friends. Being with congenial friends at quiet pleasures delights

SAGITTABITIEs: (November 22 to December 21) Now you can make good friends with persons in places of importance. There are ways to please your family, so don't heat-tate but do so at once.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to Innuary 20) A new stant on your regular business affairs brings good results. Don't get emotionally in-

AQGARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Get out in the world of action with good friends and enjoy yourselves, invite those to whom you feel emotionally or exerpussely drawn into your home. PESCES: (February 20 to March 20) Organize your business and money affairs so you do not get fatigued. Delightful outside con-tacts should be entertained as guests in your home,

22) Garner information from every possible source that will aid you with routine activities. Don't get involved in discussion of length over unimportant business details. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Don't be so preoccupied with pleasure that you forget to thank friends who made them possible. You have a good chance to get your family approval for a new course of action.

SAGTTTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You now can make a very good ally and friend in one of high position. The time is not quite ripe for that trip that so appeals to you and your mate,

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to-January 20) Get family finances and resources so they be better used to everyone's advantage. A wonderful day to express love and affection for your attachment. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) Fine for some very interest-ing visits to see kin, friends, close business and personal companions. Most everything of a practical na-ture will work out at your home. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Delay in a trip with an older

friend now, is all to the best in-terests of you both. Invite younger persons into your home to lighten atmosphere.

GOREN BRIDGE

with omar sharif A tannah hirsch

Both vulnerable. West deals. NORTH 4. 10 6 5 4 ♥ K 73 0 10.8 7 6

WEST ·EAST ♣ 72 ♥ AJ985 # 83 764 ·· OAKQJ Q.323 · **₽** Q 3 5 4 3 2 SOUTH

West 1 ♥ 2 ♦ North East South Pass

Pass ing lead: King of O Only a person with a very stub-

born streak would take a finesse which is almost certain to fail. You most search for greener pastures.

North made a well-judged leap to four spades on minimal values. Since partner's bidding promised a considerably better-than-minimum hand, North deemed that well-

HANDLED WITH CARE almost surely be worth enough tricks for game because of the four-

card trump support. The defense attacked with three rounds of diamonds, declarer ruff-ing the third, Obviously, the prob-lem was to avoid losing two heart tricks. Since East did not take a heart preference, chances of finding

heart preference, chances of finding the jack of hearts well placed were negligible.

Declarer found a way out of his dilemma. After drawing trumps in two rounds, South crossed to the king of clubs, ruffed dummy's last diamond, cashed the ace of clubs and ruffed a club in dummy. With the minor suits eliminated, declarer the minor suits climinated, declarer led a low heart from the table to the queen in his hand, and West was a

dead duck.

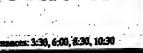
The defender took the are of hearts, but was faced with a choice of losing alternatives. If he hapneued to have a minor-suit card as an exit, declarer would ruff in one hand while discarding the losing heart from the other. That was not the case, so West had to lead a low heart away from the jack. But it was deciarer, not partner, who held the

placed kings behind the opening bid and the ruffing value in clubs would around to hand, and the game was in the bag. Cinema Tel: 625155 RAINBOW **COMING TO**

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Al Ali expects tough tennis tournament with Malaysians

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Hani Al Ali bas been representing Jordan for the past five years in international tournaments. This Friday he will represent Jordan again in the Davis Cup tennis tournament at the Sports Palace.

Han, who is a part of a fourman team playing Malaysia Fri-day said he believed in his teamnates, but expressed reservation on the team preparation.

"I think our team is pretty good, but I don't think we have had enough exposure and prac-

The Jordanian team has been preparing for this tournament since early January. Part of the training also included a two week trip to Sweden. Al Ali said he thought the trip was a positive one because it got the team in shape, but added "I think the drawback about it was that it was a short one, and not long enough to prepare us to play in the Davis Cup matches."

The Malaysian team includes two professioal tennis players, that is why Al Ali expects the tournament to be very challenging. "I am hoping for a positive result though, I have a lot of faith in our team," he said.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

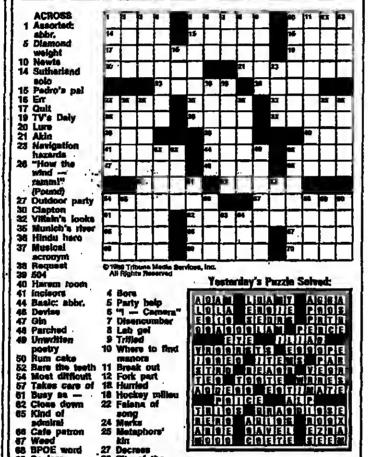
Samaranch, Sabah due in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) - International Olympic Committee (IOC) President Juan Antonio Samaranch and Asian Olympic Commit-tee president and member of the IOC board of directors Sheikh Fahd Al Ahmad Al Sabah are due to arrive in Amman on Feb. 14 accompanied by a five-member delegation representing the two Olympic committees. The Jordanian Olympic Committee (JOC)
Secretary General Abdullah Abu Nuwwar told the Jordan News
Agency, Petra, that the visiting delegation will inspect the sports movement in the Kingdom and the activities of JOC. The delegation Abu Nuwwar said, will discuss with Jordanian officials scopes of cooperation between Jordan and the two committees as well as the prospect of Jordan's participation in the Barcelona Olympics in 1992.

Kristiansen expecting a baby

OSLO (R) — Ingrid Kristiansen, the world's greatest woman distance runner, is expecting her second child in July but has no plans to retire from the sport. The 33-year-old Norwegian said on Tuesday she is expecting a baby on July 25 but expects to compete at next year's world championships. "I needed a break now and the timing of this prognancy is just fine," said Kristiansen, the marathon, 5,000 and 10,000 metres world record holder who is currently in Colorado with her husband and six-year-old son Gaute. "I am aiming to be back in form for the world championships in Tokyo in September 1991," she said.

THE Daily Crossword by Martha J. Do Witt



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than most who won them.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand (AP) — Australian Lisa Martin made marathon history Wednesday, but action on the eighth day of the Commonwealth Games was again over-shadowed by revelations of drug taking by weightlifting competitors.

Martin's victory by 7 minutes 47 seconds over second-placed Canadian-born teammate Tani Ruckle was the biggest winning margin in women's international

marathon history.

Martin destroyed the field of 15 runners, leading for every step of the 26 miles, 385 yards (42.175

Her winning time of 2 hours, 25 minutes, 28 seconds broke the Commonwealth Games best of 2:26.07 she set when she won the title in Edinburgh in 1986 and was the second fastest time of her Ruckie, 26, who only started

serious running four years ago, was second in 2:33.15 and Eng-land's Angie Pain clocked 2:36.35 For the third straight day,

however, competitors who lost medals were more newsworthy

third athlete in as many days had failed a dope test, and said they would name him on Thursday after a second urine sample had

and Ricky Chaplin of Wales.

David Dixon, secretary of the
Commonwealth Games Federa-

thrown out of the games. Dixon told news conference

"the two competitors have been eliminated from the games and their performances nullified." He said Paul's tests had shown

Tyson tapers off training; manager predicts short fight pion's workload because Tyson has been in training for about two

overtrain him.

TOKYO (AP) — Heavyweight title bouts in Tokyo tend to be short. Undisputed world boxing champion Mike Tyson ended the last one with a knockout in the second round against Tony Tubbs, and few expect him go the full distance when he defends his crown against James "Buster" Douglas here on Feb. 11.
"We don't look for a knock-

out," Tyson trainer Aaron Snowell said Tuesday. "But if it comes, we'll take it.

The undefeated, 23-year-old champion has won 33 of his 37 bouts by knockout. He took only 93 seconds to flatten his last challenger, Carl "the Truth" Williams, last July in Atlantic City. One official at the Korakuen

Gym, where Tyson and Donglas are training, said ticket sales have been slow because "who wants to pay good money to see a fight that will be over a few minutes?" But in preparations for the

Douglas fight, Tyson's condition has been less than perfect. Instead of a scheduled sparking session Tuesday, Tyson, Snowell and trainer Jay Bright circled the ring to loud rap music for more than an hour, trying to work out some problems with timing and balance that have bothered the champion since his arrival.

"When Mike doesn't do what we want him to, we take him out and drill him on the floor," said Snowell. "We want to work on a lot of things that he hasn't been doing well."

Snowell added, however, that they are tapering off the chamafter running into a right hook by former world champion Greg

months and "we don't want to

Tyson ended up on his back

Page in sparring last Tuesday. Trainers called it a slip, but Tyson's sperring the next day was shortened. After a day off Wednesday. Tyson is to spar six rounds on

Challenger Douglas, meanwhile, went six rounds with his

three sparring partners Tuesday.

Manager John Johnson predicted Douglas will knock Tyson out in the early rounds. "He's in the best shape he's

ever been in," Johnson said.
"Mike Tyson is not a concern, because James is just a better athlete. It won't go the distance."

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NUOUM

Third drug offender identified at games

Organisers announced that a been tested.

They also identified the two previous offenders as weightlifters Subrata Kumar Paul of India

tion, said that Chaplin, who won a gold medal in the 75-kilogramme class, and Paul, who won two silvers and a bronze in the 67.5 category, both would have their medals rescinded and had been

that after hearing representations on behalf of Chaplin and Paul,

traces of the banned anabolic steroid, nortestosterone. Chaplin was found guilty on a technicality for having higher than normal testosterone levels, a naturallyoccurring body-building hor-

"The results of the relevant competitions and the award of medals will be adjusted to take account of the elimination of the two competitors," Dixon said. He said the International

Weightlifting Federation (TWF) was being informed of the two cases "so that the appropriate action may be considered by that Paul, the first athlete to fail a

steroid test in the history of the games, has already been sent home and will have to hand over his two silver medals and one bronze in the 67.5 kilogrammes In the clean and jerk and com-

Nigeria will move up to the silver medal position, with Mark Roach of Wales taking the bronze. In the snatch, Australia's Mark Blair will receive the bronze.

Chaplin's gold medal in the 75-kilogramme snatch will now go to India's Karnadhar Mondal, who moves up from the silver medal position. Another Welshman, Karl Jones, gets the silver and Australia's Ron Laycock.

team said the 'mm management had been inforted of Chaplin's disqualification but would not be

making any coment. The spokesman, who declined to be identified, refused to say if

Chaplin was still in the games village or had already been sent home. "We are very saddened by the whole situation but the team remains in good spirits. There will

be no further comment," the

Dr. Tamas Ajan, general secretary of the IWF, said he was shocked to hear of the positive

He said the executive board of the IWF would meet in Melbined, Lawrence Iquaibom of bourne, Australia, in March, to decide what action to take against Chaplin and Paul, and would consider whether any officials

also should be punished. All drng tests on athletes at these games are carried out at the Australian government's analytical laboratory in Sydney, and supervised by International Olym-Dic Committee testing expert,

Manfred Donike.

PAN PACIFIC OPEN: Sanchez, Maleeva advance into quarterfinals

TOKYO (AP) — Second seed a clay court specialist, who added Arantxa Sanchez of Spain that she was comfortable on this trounced Australian Jo-Anne Fauli 6-1, 6-0 in 41 minutes Wednesday, advanced to the quarterfinals of the Pan Pacific Open tennis championship.

Also advancing was Switzer-land's Manuela Maleeva, who crushed Terry Phelps of the United States 6-2, 6-1 on the artificial courts of the Waseda University memorial hall. Top seed Steffi Graf of West

Germany plays her first singles match on Thursday, meeting Nicole Jagerman of the Netherlands in the second round. Fourth seed Mary Joe Fernandez of the United States meets Japan's Nana Miyagi in the only other remaining second-round match, Sanchez, ranked fifth in the

world, and Fauli, ranked 69th, traded service breaks in the first two games, but Faull was unable to win another game. "I shot passing shots and back-hands very well. I am in top shape

as I skipped the Australian Open

tournament's artificial surface. The third-seeded Maleeva, firing six aces, overwhelmed an erratic Phelps, ranked 55th in the

Maleeva, who has born in Bulgaria, became a citizen of Switzerland this month after her marriage.

In other second-round action, Larisa Savchenko of the Soviet Union struggled through two hours and 35 minutes and two tie breaks before outlasting Peanut Louie-Harper of the United States 4-6, 7-6 (13-11), 7-6 (7-4). Sixth seed Gigi Fernandez of

the United States beat Japan's Maya Kidowaki 6-3, 6-3. In Friday's quarterfinals, Savchenko meets the winner of the Graf-Jagerman match and Gigi Fernandez plays Sanchez. Maleeva plays Brenda Shultz of the Netherlands, who beat Japan's Etsuko Inoue 6-1, 6-2 in the second round. The Miyagi-Mary Joe Fernandez winner faces and trained hard," said Sanchez, Japan's Akiko Kijimuta.

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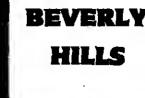
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Sofia opposition rejects Communist coalition

"Time is running out and we

The Communist Party, opening

its election campaign at an ex-

traordinary congress in Sofia,

sought Tuesday to distance itself

from the discredited regime of

Mladenov, who served as Zhiv-

kov's foreign minister for 18

years, attacked his disgraced pre-

decessor as an "egotistical man-

iac." He said the party was facing a crisis but he believed it was the

only organisation capable of run-

ning the country.

However there were growing

indications that Mladenov might

soon relinquish the party lead-

Mladenov proposed Tuesday

Party spokesman Yevgeni Ale-

xandrov said Mladenov was likely

to stay as president, suggesting he

might give up the party post. Mladenov is also reported to be

Party sources said the three

most likely candidates to succeed

Mladenov were Andrei Lukanov

and Alexander Lilov, both eco-

nomie experts and politburo members, and Stoyan Mihaylov,

Delegates at the Communist

Party congress resumed debate

on the party's future Wednesday,

after opening-day proceedings

illustrated the rift between radical

reformers and the conservative

The National Police, mean-

while, announced a move to try

to prevent the spread of strikes

and demonstrations against the

The meeting opened Tuesday

government.

a deputy prime minister.

in poor health.

separating the positions of party leader and head of state. He

inherited both from Zhivkov.

former leader Todor Zhrvkov.

must accelerate."

SOFIA (R) — Bulgaria's opposition rejected Wednesday an offer by the ruling Communist Party to share power until elections in May.

"We don't accept the proposal for a coalition government," opposition spokesman Petar Beron said.

Communist Party leader Petar Mladenov invited opposition groups Tuesday to join a national unity coalition which would run the country until parliamentary elections in May.

But Beron said the party had not changed enough to allow real democratic discussion.

"The party has complete power as always and we can't change them," he told Reuters at the opposition's newly-opened headquarters in central Sofia.

"They have the National Assembly in their pocket and they can paralyse the government any time they want.

Beron, spokesman for the flourishing opposition umbrella group Union for Democratic Forces (UDF), added that the UDF felt such a coalition could damage its image at home and .broad.

"People would think that we are not serious, but just want to try to share power," he said. Mladenov's offer to the opposition was the latest in a series of steps by the Communists to regain public confidence before the elections in the face of growing public dissent

The party has already given up its guaranteed right to rule and has begun round-table talks with the UDF and other groups.

But UDF leaders say they are still sceptical of the party's sincerity to implement reforms. Beron added that the UDF had

dropped earlier demands to have only partial elections in May and postpone full polls until

"We don't think we'll be much better organised in the autumn," he said.

but offered no concrete prescriptions for Bulgaria's ailing eco-

He listed 14 senior officials associated with Zhivkov as having no place in the 870,000-member party. They face expulsion, and some may be prosecuted.

Two other close Zhivkov associates, his son-in-law Ivan Slavkov and former politburo member Milko Balev, already are under criminal investigation for isappropriation of funds.

Miadenov said the party must be de-Stalinised and renewed. But he offered few proposals to appease young urban intellectuals who want to see the party restructured along the lines of leftist government parties in Hungary and other liberalised Soviet Bloc

He rejected the postponement of multi-party elections that could end more than four decades of Communist rule. The fledgling democratic opposition has sought to delay the voting until November to give it more time to orga-

As the congress met on opening day, strikes further eroded the authority of the government.

State television said a strike committee of teachers seeking better wages demanded the resignation of the leadership of the Education Ministry.

At the same time, a central strike committee of miners continued to negotiate with the government.

In an attempt to disconrage more strikes and demonstrations, the Bulgarian militia, or police force, late Tuesday announced a nationwide campaign to track down troublemakers.

The announcement, carried by state television, said that in the future police would film demonstrators to identify "particularly malicious" people in the crowd. The militia also said those per-

sons would be tracked down with the help of the mass media and "local forces."

Gorbachev says resignation report groundless

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Soviet President Mikhnil Gorbachev said Wednesday be had no intention of resigning as Com-munist Party chief and dismissed as "groundless" a U.S. television report that he was

about to step down.

Journalists attending a photo session between Gorbachev and Brazilian President-elect Fer-nando Collor de Mello in the Kremlin said the Soviet leader looked taken aback when asked about a report by the Cable News Network (CNN) that he

was considering quitting.
"I have no intention of doing so," he said, "No one has said this and I certainly didn't make any such statement. Any such stions are ground

The CNN report, which sent financial markets tumbling in New York, said Gorbachev had been despondent about the use of troops to quell ethnic unrest in the southern Transcaucasia region. At least 125 people have died in the region in the past 10

The network's Moscow's correspondent said Gorbachev had opposed the dispatch of the troops on Jan. 20 and had since

Gorbachev told the journalists he had been at his country home but preparing his speech to next week's critical plenary meeting of the party's Central

"In the next few days, we will have a very important ple-num," he said. "Decisions will be required on very serious matters and they will be pub-

The plenum, scheduled for Monday and Tuesday, is to discuss the turmoil in the Transcaucasian republics of Armenia and Azerbaijan and the recent split in Comm ranks in the Buitic republic of

It will also deal with the party's programme and sta-tutes to be debuted at a key party congress to take place in October. Gorbachev has made an overhand of the party and its personnel at the congress a top priority of his reforms.

The Soviet leader is likely to face criticism at the meeting particularly from conservatives suspicious of radical change.

Senior officials said con-servatives attacked Gorbachev fiercely at a pleman in early December and some reports suggested he had threatened to

step down unless he was given full support.

In Washington, the United States said Tuesday that the resignation report was just a rumour and it would not change its view of the Soviet

"All I can tell you now is that it's a rumour and therefore it's not something I think we should respond to or react to," Secretary of State James Baker told reporters.

"We will have a com we ever determine that it's anything more than just a rumour." he added. Baker will delay by one day

his February meeting with Seviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardmadne to avoid a conflict with a meeting of the Communist Party Central

Committee, a Baker side said.

The report shook up the New York stock market, which was marked by wild gyrations in share prices. Stocks ended

lower. White House Chief of Staff John Summu, who said he had discussed the report with Presi-dent George Busk and National Security Advisor Brent Scow-croft, said officials were trying to assess the report's accuracy and the implications of such a

"It's not going to change the perception that we have of President Gorbachev," Sunnnu told reporters. "We would lerstand the details of like to und what's involved and what's implied if such a change has taken

Defence Secretary Dick Chency, who said last year he did not believe Gorbachev could succeed in reforming the Soviet political and economic system, suggested that any more by the Soviet leader to step down would not he wel-

"I'm not sure that would be ditive development," he said. "I think there is a general assessment that Gorbachev's presence has been important in improving U.S.-Soviet rela-

attend the talks.

A role in the interim govern-

The last round of talks with

ment and freer access to state-

controlled media have been the

President Ion Iliescu was broken

off after crowds of demonstrators

for and against the front massed

outside the building where they

NSF supporters turned to in-

timidation Monday, besieging the

offices of the country's two main

opposition parties, forcing their

In Washington, the State De-

partment Tuesday accused the

National Salvation Front of in-

timidating the opposition and said Department Human Rights

Director Richard Schifter was in

Bucharest "forcefully stating our

parties' main demands.

were taking place.

leaders to flee,

Editor wins \$1,600 in libel case

LONDON (AP) — Sunday

Times editor Andrew Neil won

£1,000 (\$1,600) in libel damages

Tuesday from a newspaper that accused him of demeaning his. position by dallying with a call girl. The jury awarded his em-ployer, Times Newspapers, just 60 pence (\$1). But the defendant, the Sunday Telegraph, was ordered to pay the costs of the case, estimated at £200,000 (\$320,000). The high court jury decided that Neil, a 40-year-old bachelor, was libeled in a cartoon. and two articles in the Sunday Telegraph last March. "It's a clear vindication. I'm delighted," said Neil afterward. "It's been a tough battle. I'm happy with the award." Peregrine Worsthorne, the former Sunday Telegraph editor who was named in the libel suit, said the damages "were so derisory that it was as good as a victory." "It was a case that should never have been brought. and Mr. Neil should be ashamed of himself. Let this case teach all editors a lesson. Don't sue," Worsthorne, 66, told reporters. Worsthorne, in an editorial entitled "playboys as editors," claimed Neil's four-month affair with call girl Pamella Bordes rendered him unfit to edit a quality newspaper. Neil sued, calling Worsthorne's editorial the "most damaging attack on my professional integrity" in his six years as Sunday Times editor. He insisted that contrary to what Worsthorne wrote, he did not know Ms. Bordes was a call girl until after their affair ended.

No weddings on New York pier

NEW YORK (AP) - New Yorkers are used to being told what they can't do in public spaces: No parking. No dogs. No smoking. No spitting. No left turn. But no weddings? A sign on a pier along the East River, which borders Manhattan, shows a bride and groom inside the international symbol for prohibition — a circle with a slash through it. "It's a funky sign and we made it in a fine way," Department of Pous and Trades: spokesman Frances. Resheske said. "We didn't mean. to imply that weddings are prohbited, just that people are not allowed to close off the pier many couples holding receptions at a nearby restaurant were led to believe they could hold private ceremonies on the pier. The pier has an unobstructed view of the Manhattan skyline and has become a popular pedestrian walkway — and a wedding hot spot.
"We were getting complaints that it was being closed many Satur-days and Sundays in the summer," said Resheske. "We're not anti-weddings. If someone

to \$5,000. Sammy Davis Jr. hospitalised

wanted to go out tomorrow with a

judge and get married on the

pier, fine. ... You just can't close.

it off." Violators can be fined up

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Song and dance man Sammy David Jr., who recently completed treatment for throat cancer, has been admitted to Cedars-Sinai Medical Centre for a gum infection, a spokesman said Tuesday. The 64year-old entertainer contracted the infection after some dental work in which several teeth were removed, said hospital spokesman Ron Wise. He had dental work about a month ago and got an infection in a couple of his teeth, which were removed,"
Wise said. "He's being treated for a second small infection but he's doing well." Wise, who was contacted at home, could not say

Global

Bonn hails Gorbachev unity stand

BONN (R) - Bonn hailed Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's support for German unity Wednesday and pledged to keep its present-day territory in the NATO alliance even after merging with East Germany.

Foreign Minister Hans-Dictrich Gnescher praised Gorbachev for recognising the popular de-mand in East Germany for unity and trying to create a stable framework to achieve it.

In his most positive statement yet on reunification, the Soviet leader declared Tuesday that German unity - which Moscow has steadfastly opposed since the end of World War II - was not in doubt but needed careful preparation on all sides.

His statement came as East German leaders, including his guest in Moscow Prime Minister Hans Modrow, began making their first statements for unity after 40 years of opposing it.

"Once again, Gorbachev has

proven himself to be a realistic ments in East Germany and the will of its people correctly," Genscher told West German

"He wants to create a stable framework for this development - that must be our interest as well."

For the opposition Social Democrats (SPD), East European expert Egon Bahr called Gorbachev's words a break-

"There are no longer any differences between our and the Soviet general secretary's views," he said. "It is no longer a question of if, but when, how and what form a unified German state might take."

Gorbachev's statement also sent Frankfurt share prices up sharply Wednesday morning, "Anything positive on East Germany is good for the German stock market," one trader said. Soviet support for the division of Germany, one of Moscow's proudest prizes from World War II, has long been a crucial hurdle

to German reunification. Before communism callapsed there late last year, East Germany was Moscow's most loyal ally and dependable economic partner. The Kremlin still has about 385,000 troops based there to man the disappearing frontline

But a groundswell of pro-unity calls in both Germanys and the threat of political and economic chaos in East Germany has made the dream of a single fatherland almost unavoidable.

of the Warsaw Pact.

Genscher and other politicians argued a neutralised Germany would be as destabilising for Europe as a collapsing East Germany and said West German territory must remain in NATO. "The option of a neutralised Germany is out," Michaela Geiger, foreign policy spokeswoman for Chancellor Heinrut Kohl's Christian Democrats, said flatly.

"It's conceivable that no NATO troops would be stationed on the territory of present-day East Germany, maybe even that a limited contingent of Soviet

Warsaw Pact would become more political in nature, focusing on verification of disarmament agreements, and dismissed calls by some right-wing politicians for East German territory to be integrated into NATO.

Ruling Romanian front to form party, offer role to opposition to divide off the state organs that the National Party, said it would

BUCHAREST (R) — Romania's National Salvation Front (NSF) said Wednesday it would form a separate political party while continning to rule as a provisional

And it said it would offer other political groupings a share of power — which it did not define until next May's general elec-

Parties revived since the overthrow and execution of Communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu last month are angry that the NSF, which took power from him, is planning to contest the polls. They argue this will give it an unfair advantage. Silviu Brucan, influential chair-

man of the front's Foreign Policy Commission, said a solution had to be found to its present role as both player and referee in Romanian politics. "It is necessary that (the front)

gain its own status, different from and independent of the state organs that have legislative power." he told Bucharest's biggest daily newspaper Romania Libera.

"For the moment, we will try"

have legislative power, in which the other parties can participate in one form or another, and which will function until the May 20 elections," Brucan said.

"We must find a generally acceptable solution in which the referee is not also a player," he "I believe and hope that with

the constructive cooperation of the other parties we will solve this problem satisfactorily."
Brucan said the NSF had never regarded itself as only a provisional leadership.

This feeling was put about by our opponents to prevent our participation in the elections," he

He said he had made clear in interviews with the Financial Times of London and Le Monde of Paris in late December that the NSF would fight the elections. · But Romanians said this inten-

tion had not been publicised inside the country until last week. A front spokesman said a new round of talks with the other parties would start Thursday. The largest opposition group,

In other developments Tudsday, a military tribunal was told that Ceausescu's defence minister,

concerns."

Vasile Milea, was not shot on

Ceansescu's orders, but killed himself rather than give orders to fire on anti-Ceaucescu demon-

strators. Filipino tribes spurn autonomy plan

BAGUIO, Philippines (R) — Tribesmen in the northern Philippines have soundly rejected a government offer of limited selfrule for their gold-rich mountain region, voting results showed Wednesday.

Partial returns in Tuesday's autonomy referendum showed a big rejection of the autonomy plan in four of five provinces and in Bagnio City, the regional cen-tre, while "No" votes were also winning, by a closer margin, in the fifth province.

The region, rich in timber and. gold, has been a battleground for a decade between government forces symbolising Manila's central authority and Communist guerrillas opposed to the pre-sence of multinational companies

in the area. About a million tribesmen, representing fiercely independent tribal groups, live in the area alongside a minority of Christian settlers who control much of the region's business.
Unidentified men exploded a

home-made bomb outside the offices of the election commission late Tuesaday night while poll officials were counting the results but no one was injured.

"Everybody scampered for safety. They're trying to scare us," said regional election com-mission chief Felimon Aspenin, whose car was torched Monday, eve of the voting.

Police had no suspects but Asperin said he believed the incidents were perpetrated by groups which thought the commission was favouring autonomy.

place the mountainous Cordillera region under a semi-autonomous government which would get a substantial share of taxes from big mining companies in the area as well as limited authority in

regional economic planning. But Manila would provide the main direction. A ragged coalition of conservative politicians, civic and business

groups, Communist rebels and an armed faction led by former Roman Catholic Priest Conrado Balweg opposed the plan, saying it did not provide for real autonomy.

"People thought 90 per cent of the area will still be controlled by the central government, not the autonomous government," Ben-guet provincial board member Raul Moltintas told reporters, The autonomy plan would explaining the massive "no" vote.

Savimbi returns from European tour after air offensive on UNITA

Angolan rebel leader Jonas Savimbi cut short a planned visit to Western Europe Tuesday, saying the Angolan government had launched a major air offensive against strongholds of his UNITA guerrillas.

Savimbi told reporters that waves of Soviet-supplied MiG and Sukhoi planes began bombing UNITA territory in south east Angola Monday.

He said the air raids were the worst since civil war crupted in 1975 between his U.S.-backed rebels and the Marxist government, which took power when Angola gained independence "It's the first time in 14 years

that we've had these sweeping raids," said the rebel leader. Up to 14 planes were being used in single attacks, he added. A government official con-

tacted Tuesday by telephone in the Angolan capital of Luanda declined to confirm Savimbi's claim of intensive bombing raids. However, the official, who asked not to be identified, saidgovernment forces were creating

serious problems for the rebels, provoking the sudden abandonment of Savimbi's European tour.

LISBON, Portugal (AP) — Lisbon for an eight-day visit. After leaving Portugal he planned to visit other European countries including West Germany, Bel-gium and Switzerland. Despite the apparent intensifica-

tion of the fighting, the rebel leader hinted chances for relaunching stalled talks to end the war had been increased by his visit to Portugal. "There are movements again

to start negotiations, there are contacts in Africa," said Savimbi. He did not give details of possi ble peace moves in Africa, but said Portugal had agreed to help as a link between UNITA - the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola — and the Angolan government.
Savimbi said the air raids hit an

area between the Kuzumbia River and the rebel base of Mavinga, some 1,100 kilometres south east of Luanda

For the first time the Angolan Air Force used sophisticated Sukhoi-25 ground attack planes supplied by the Soviet Union last year, Savimbi said.

He said the area attacked was inhabited by about 11,000 civi-

The rebels shot down two Soviet-built MiG planes and captured two pilots, Savimbi

The United States supplies the rebels with Stinger ground-to-air missiles among a reported \$50 million of military aid send yearly from Washington to UNITA.
Savimbi insisted the rebels'

strategic Mavinga base was not in danger of falling to government forces and stressed the rebels' bush headquarters at Jamba was not affected by the bombing. In Luanda, an Angolan milit-ary official claimed Mavinga was surrounded and could fall soon.

The state-run news media in the Angolan capital made no mention Tuesday of any fighting in the south. Savimbi's claims could not be independently verified. Savimbi said he would return

to organise ground defences along the Lomba River, an important natural barrier protecting rebel territory in the south east. In an offensive launched late December, government forces reportedly pushed through UNITA territory to the north bank of the Lomba but failed to take

Savimbi's visit to Portugal was the first since Angola became independent. Savimbi had been effectively banned by Portuguese authorities who refused to grant the rebel leader an entry visa.

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with a speech by Mladenov that was heavy on Marxist thetoric, **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** Polish primate in serious condition

WARSAW (R) - Poland's Roman Catholic primate, Cardinal Jozef Glemp, who has led the church through a decade of political turmoil, is in serious condition after two operations for a perforated ulcer, medical sources said Wednesday. Glemp, 60, underwent emergency surgery Tuesday after being taken to hospital with "massive internal bleeding," a priest at his residence said. The medical sources said he was very weak after another oeration Tuesday night. He visited France last week. Glem became the primate of Poland in 1981, a few months before the Communist authorities imposed martial law in an attempt to crush the Solidarity free trade union. During the 18 months of martial law, the Roman Catholic Church became a safe haven for the Polish opposition. The church, to which most Poles belong, also served as intermediary in talks between the Communists and Solidarity which led to the creation of a Solidarity-led government last September.

Quayle briefs Bush on Panama

WASHINGTON (AP) - U.S. Vice President Dan Quayle, home from a tour of Latin America, is proclaiming a bright future for Panama even as some nations in the region refuse to recognise its U.S.-installed government. Jamaica underscored its refusal Monday on the last stop of Quayle's three-day three-nation trip. Quayle Tuesday briefed President George Bush on his visits to Honduras, Panama and Jamaica, and gave him "a number of ideas on pushing U.S. policy forward" in the region, said the vice president's press secretary, David Beckwith. Quayle said earlier he gave Bush a "very upbeat" report on his visit. Bush had sent Quayle to smoothe the negative feelings aroused throughout the region when U.S. troops invaded Panama to oust former leader Gen. Manuel Noriega, now facing drug trial in the United States. Most of the Latin nations felt the invasion was a violation of

Bush backs torture convention

WASHINGTON (AP) — A foreign policy adviser to President George Bush has joined human rights activists in pushing for Senate ratification of a U.N. convention banning torture, but Sen. Jesse Helms expressed reservations about the measure. Abraham D. Sofaer, the U.S. State Department's legal adviser, told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee the Bush government places a high priority on early ratification of this important human rights treaty for substantive as well as symbolic reasons." While the convention "breaks little new ground" and would be unnecessary in the United States, Sofaer said it would put the United States in the forefront of the issue. Nevertheless, Sofaer said the United States would insist on some "protective measures" in the convention, which makes all acts of torture criminal offenses and requires parties to extradite those accused of torture. A two-thirds vote of the Senate is required for ratification, but the foreign relations committee must first vote on the issue. Helms, the panel's ranking Republican, said he wanted to hold more discussions with the president's office before a vote is scheduled. President Bush also is a Republican, but the opposition Democrats control the legislature.

Guam governor commits suicide

AGANA, Guam (AP) — Ricardo "Ricky" Bordallo, former governor of Guam, died Wednesday of self-inflicted gunshot wounds while draped in a Guam national flag and chained to a statue in a busy intersection. Bordallo, pronounced dead at naval hospital, was to have boarded a plane Wednesday night for Los Angeles. He had been scheduled to report Friday to the federal correctional facility in Boron, California, to begin serving a four-year prison term on witness tampering and obstruction charges. Bordallo died of massive brain damage, said a hospital spokesman. Doctors had worked furiously to save his life, but emergency surgery failed. Bordallo, 63, shot himself with a .38-caliber pistol after chaining himself to a statue of Chief Quipuha at one of the capital city's busiest intersections, said police Lt. Phil Dennis. He had unveiled four placards, one of which said, "I regret that I have only one life to give to my island," said Dennis. Also recovered at the scene were a bloodstained flag and a padlock and chain.

Serbian . students seek end to Kosovo unrest

BELGRADE (R) - Thousands of Serbian students, raising the stakes over Yugoslavia's riot-torn Kosovo province, marched on parliament in Belgrade Wednesday to demand that the country's

leaders end the week-long crisis The students issued the ultimatum shortly past midnight after at least five more people were killed in clashes between ethnic Albanians and police in Kosovo Tuesday, taking the death toll in the riots past 20, according to Yugos-

Yugoslav media say the southern province, where 1.7 million ethnie Albanians outnumber Serbs by nine to one, is sliding

towards civil war. Some 48 factories were on strike Wednesday in Kosovo where ethnic Albanians took to the streets last week demanding free elections, the resignation of local Serbian-controlled leaders and the release of political pris-

Now the crisis has spilled over for the first time to the federal capital Belgrade, where 7,000 Serbians chanting "we want weapons" and singing their national anthem hoisted a Serbian flag on a huge flagpole outside parliament.

"If the nationalist rampage of

Albanian terrorists is not stopped, we demand the top organisations of the federation hand in their resignations within 48 hours," the students said in a statement read out to cheers and wild applause. The students also sought permission from Yugoslavia's state

presidency to form volunteer bri-

gades to go to Kosovo to defend their fellow Serbs, Tanjug news A similar protest in Belgrade during ethnic Albanian unrest last February mushroomed into a 500,000-strong demonstration to demand the detlaration of a state of emergency in Kosovo and the arrest of Albanian leaders. Both

demands were met. The crisis has brought Serbia into conflict with Slovenia and Croatia, the most Westernised of Yugoslavia's republics, which have criticised Serbia's tough measures against the protesters. Janez Drnovsek, head of the

collective presidency, said Tues-

day that the eight-man body would meet the presidents of the

country's six republics and two

provinces next week to discuss

how to end the crisis.

troops could stay there for a certain transition period," she Genscher said NATO and the

Savimbi arrived Saturday in